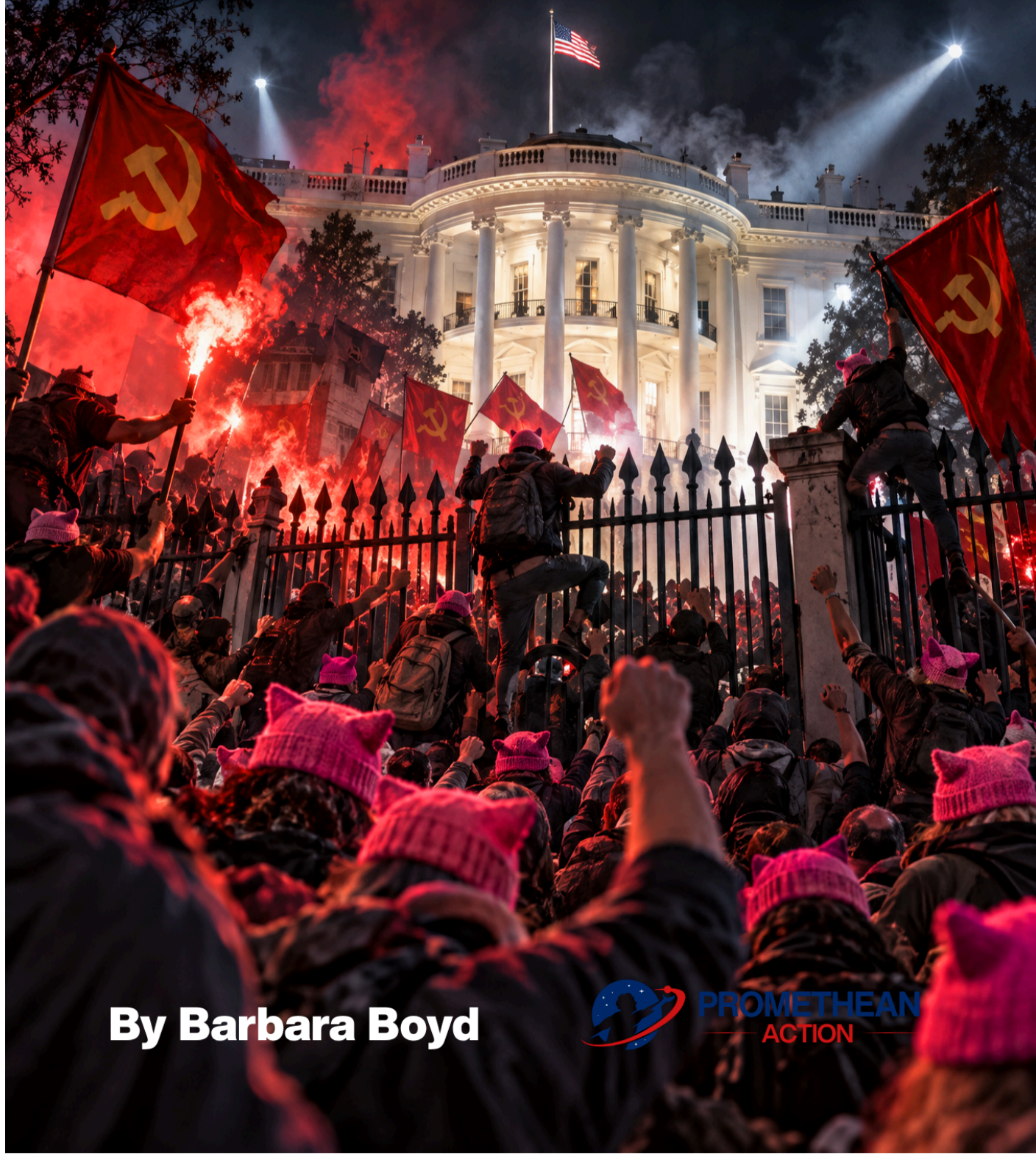


THE REAL REVOLUTION

The British and the Communists Are Trying to Kill Again



By Barbara Boyd





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Introduction



The 2026 Midterm elections are upon us now in this, the 250th year of the existence of the Republic.

The media instructs us that one of the main U.S. political parties, the Democrats, is in a civil war between its moderates and the Communists and Socialists of the Democratic Socialists of America.

That's nonsense. Both sides of this alleged Democrat dispute believe in open borders, green energy power systems, no limits on drugs and sexual identity or the right of mentally ill homeless people to inject their drugs on public streets, abolishing ICE, handcuffing law enforcement, zero population growth, free trade under global rules of trade and government, limits on the power of the president and remaking the Supreme Court, and reliance on the UN or similar global institutions for any necessary military actions.

Both sides agree that Donald Trump must be gotten rid of by any means necessary, including the continuing use of the violent rhetoric against him which they know will trigger assassination attempts.

Both sides were willing participants in the culture war which saw a Supreme Court justice unable to say what a woman is and where dissenters from edicts on COVID, transgender mutilation of children, full-term abortion, and DEI hiring were cancelled, and, in many cases, fired or prosecuted.

The DSA simply puts the Communist Revolution part up front. Their guru, Antonio Gramsci, instructs that a Communist Revolution can only succeed once Western Civilization has been eradicated and a new culture erected in its place. The Obama/Biden presidencies advanced that goal dramatically, with both the DSA and Antifa functioning as their Jacobin mob in training.



Antonio Gramsci and Georg Lukacs are the DSA's Communist idea men, not Karl Marx

But that cultural destruction process had been underway ever since 1967-68 when the Anglo-American elite realized they needed a new culture to accompany their post-industrial destruction of the manufacturing, agricultural, and industrial base of the United States.

Donald Trump interrupted that when he won the presidency in 2016.

His cardinal sin was putting the unique American System of political economy back into place. It's a system most Americans were completely familiar with up until the time William McKinley was assassinated by an anarchist. It built the country.

Other than Franklin Roosevelt reviving it for the World War II economic mobilization, it had vanished from the history books and the popular mind. That is until Donald Trump.

Most think two economic systems have been at war with one another during their lifetimes. The finance capitalism of Milton Friedman, Friedrich von Hayek and others, which keeps crashing in boom and bust cycles. They call that neo-liberalism. That system blew up and collapsed totally in 2008. The bankers who caused the crash escaped scot-free while millions of Americans lost everything.

Then there's the Communist System based on Karl Marx and his Western Marxism and Maoist successors.

But the American System is a third system — the only one which has been continuously successful. It's the only economic system consistent with the principles of the Declaration of Independence, the Constitution, and God's command in Genesis to go forth, multiply, and subdue the

earth. It also happens to be consistent with the physics of constant creation which is our universe.

It was invented by Alexander Hamilton in his reports to Congress on Manufacturing, Public Credit, and a National Bank. It got us out of the debt created by the Revolutionary War while driving massive internal economic development.

The same ideas were used by Abraham Lincoln to win the Civil War.

They were used by William McKinley to create what was then the wealthiest nation humanity had ever seen.

And it had spread to Germany, Russia, and Japan prior to World War I, and to Sun Yat-sen's China soon after.

When Lafayette and other veterans of the American Revolution tried to implement it in France, the British-controlled Jacobin insurrection followed. Other "revolutions" followed with the same intent — use Jacobin-type color revolutions to prevent the spread of the American System.



The Marquis de Lafayette, veteran of the American Revolution, imprisoned in the French Revolution

President Trump's revival of these ideas is why the modern British Empire's brainwashed assassins have tried to kill him, like their predecessors killed McKinley, Lincoln, Garfield, and Kennedy. <https://www.prometheanaction.com/it-is-the-british-who-murder-our-presidents/> It's why we have been in a 10-year color revolution, this time against America.

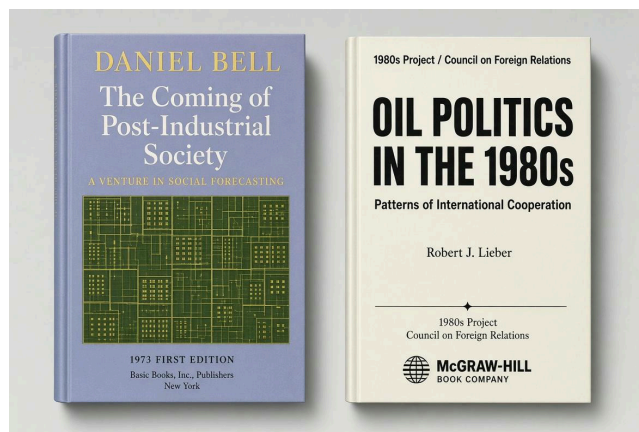
The modern British Empire hasn't used direct military means against us since the War of 1812. Their forceful support of the South in the Civil War, however, did amount to the same thing.

Their idea for that was to split the country as the result of Southern and other secession — dividing it into controllable enclaves, which, with Canada, could be used to reconquer North and South America.

Since then they've seized control of our finances and much of our intelligence and foreign policy apparatus. That's the modern form of their colonialism. Let a colony do what it wants in domestic policy so long as it doesn't threaten the international financial empire centered in London, Brussels, and Wall Street.

Foreign policy, however, is their domain. In our case, it's reflected in the post-World War II "rules-based order." This is the arrangement of "British brains and American brawn" aimed at controlling the world.

Their other major domestic domains are education and culture. Control that and you control a nation without firing a shot. That's why the teaching in our universities is a British philosophical cesspool. That's why our culture suddenly seems to be feminized, with white male Christians and the women who join them in making families and having kids represented as the fascist enemy.



The British Empire spent the 1970s studying how to replace the American culture which won World War II

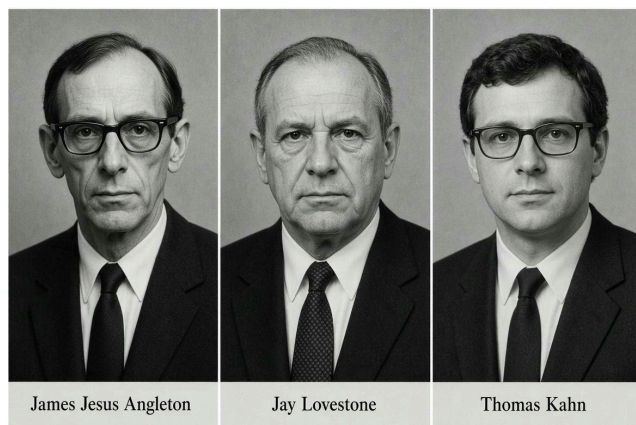
The result is two generations of young people who rightly abhor the "capitalism" which led to the bailouts of 2008-2009, the pointless and endless wars, the debt servitude of a college education, the gig economy and lack of money to marry, buy a home, raise a family, and a massive wealth divide between the upper and less fortunate "classes."

They think the answer to this must be socialism or Communism.

We're going to show you that today's DSA and Democrats are just a modern version of two of the British instru-

ments of imperial grand strategy, the Communists and Socialists, respectively.

The DSA itself is the result of a 1982 merger of two entities: Michael Harrington's Democratic Socialist Organizing Committee, the American affiliate of the Socialist International, which was run by the CIA and British intelligence in the post-World War II era; and the New American Movement, an offshoot of the New Left, itself a product of the same organizations. The intelligence community initially created these movements to counter Communism.



The DSA's forefathers: JJ Angleton, CIA, Jay Lovestone, CIA/AFL/CIO, Thomas Kahn LID

As of 2023, however, this former Social Democratic organization has a leadership which is majority outright Communist. Bernie Sanders has collaborated extensively with them, but is not a formal member.



DSA next generation: Michael Harrington, Democratic Socialist and Barbara Ehrenreich, SDS/Radical Feminist

Most of their members never read Karl Marx. Their ideology is an amalgam of the Western Marxism promulgated by Antonio Gramsci and Georg Lukacs, Maoism,

and certain ideologies prominent with Latin American revolutionary and terrorist groups. Their newest thing is radical Islam.



DSA today — the flags of Cuba and Hamas Western Marxism + Radical Islam

Both the Democrats and the DSA long ago gave up on the working class.

They're mostly college graduates, many with advanced degrees, who fit right in with Barack Obama's restructuring of the Democratic Party to favor the elites, the professional classes, and "oppressed" minorities of all identity groups, be they transvestites, illegal immigrants, drug addicts or outright criminals.

Communists have always hated the Middle Class.

Instead, today's Jacobins extend their "empathy" to radical Islamists and terrorists, Third World "freedom fighters," and primitive tribes.

In both wings of the party, land acknowledgements to former Indian tribe inhabitants of the land they speak from have replaced prayers to God in opening events.

True to the creed of Gramsci and Lukacs, one of the Columbia University student groups fighting against both Israel and America stated their intention accurately when they proclaimed that "we're out to 'eradicate Western civilization.'" <https://www.foxnews.com/politics/mamdani-backed-socialist-primary-winner-founded-group-whose-goal-eradicate-western-civilization>

On a fundamental level, the battle between the British imperial system and the American system is a battle between dueling ideas about God, human beings, and the purpose of life on earth.

For our founders and the American System's proponents, man is made in God's image and life on earth is a mission to increasingly perfect his universe by mastering its laws.

For the financiers who wield both Karl Marx's Communism and Adam Smith's capitalism, neither God nor universal laws exist, man is a well-endowed beast, and material satisfaction is life's goal.

We do not pretend to present a complete history here. There are lots of books about the periods at issue. Our friends and acquaintances are the authors of many of them and to them we are deeply indebted. A recommended reference list is at the end of the pamphlet.

We focus here on the dynamics and the principles which show why the American System of economics was the issue in each of these critical transformative periods of history.

The related subject of the neo-liberal capitalist model which emerged after World War II is beyond our current scope. To start down that road, we recommend studying the actions and proceedings of the Mont Pelerin Society. That will expose that it also has deep imperial roots. https://larouchepub.com/eiw/public/1995/eirv22n08-19950217/eirv22n08-19950217-046-the_legacy_of_friedrich_von_haye.pdf

We start with the story which began in 1776.

CHAPTER I

The American System: The Real Revolution's Economics

What made 1776 different from every uprising that came before or after it was not merely the Declaration's principles.

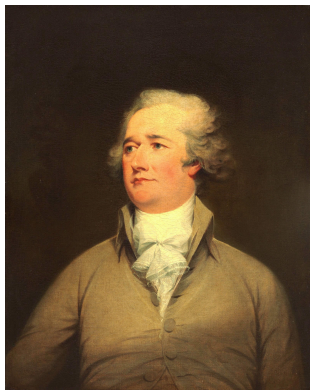
It was what Alexander Hamilton built to make those principles survive contact with reality — a national economic system capable of turning a bankrupt, war-ruined confederation of former colonies into the most productive nation on earth within a single lifetime.

The current war in our country, between Donald Trump and the entire establishment which existed before him, is a battle between the real revolutionaries of the American System and those whose existence depends on burying it

once again, be they Communists and Socialists, or Milton Friedman's money men and the asset strippers of Wall Street.

When JD Vance said recently that the economic policies of the Trump Administration were much more Alexander Hamilton than Milton Friedman, the Wall Street Journal and others went nuts. <https://www.wsj.com/opinion/what-jd-vance-gets-wrong-about-hamilton-b4eed1f1> They've based their entire lives on the assumption that Hamilton and the subsequent American System economists were buried and would never come back.

Hamilton's Recovery



Alexander Hamilton, Father of the American System

When Hamilton became the first Treasury Secretary, the new nation's finances were in ruins — debts from the Revolutionary War unpaid, credit worthless, states competing against one another rather than building a common economy.

Under Hamilton's program, laid out in his reports to Congress, the national credit was restored, a sound banking system was established, and the country entered a period of real, broad-based growth. This combination of national credit, productive banking, and directed development became known and studied worldwide as the American System.

For the most part it relies on private enterprise and the creativity of both individuals and a skilled labor force. But it uses versions of a National Bank, whether it be a National Bank, greenbacks under Lincoln, or Roosevelt's RFC to provide the credit for major inventions to scale up or to produce the infrastructure, food and other security, and other advanced projects to advance the productivity

of the population as a whole. The measure isn't money. It's the productivity and creativity of the labor force.

Hamilton's invention did not survive unchallenged. Under Jefferson and Madison, Treasury Secretary Albert Gallatin discarded Hamilton's program for Adam Smith's free-trade doctrine — with ruinous results.

Under James Monroe and John Quincy Adams, the American System was restored, and the nation's credit and industry were saved again.

Under Jackson and Van Buren, it was torn down a second time, and the result was the Panic of 1837.

The pattern repeats with almost mechanical regularity across a century and a half: the American System builds; Adam Smith's doctrine, applied in its place, produces panic and collapse. The American System is restored; the nation recovers.

Coolidge and Hoover's application of Smith's laissez-faire, hard-money orthodoxy in the 1920s produced the Great Depression.

Franklin Roosevelt's return to American System principles — national direction of credit into productive private industry and agriculture — built the productive base that won the Second World War before the war itself required it.

The Leibniz-Colbert Origins

The American System did not spring from nowhere. Its intellectual roots trace to continental Europe, a century before Hamilton — specifically to the German mathematician and philosopher Gottfried Leibniz, working in Paris between 1672 and 1676 under the sponsorship of the French minister Jean-Baptiste Colbert.

Leibniz and his collaborator Christiaan Huygens were engaged in nothing less than the design of what would become the industrial revolution: the study of how heat-powered machinery could allow, in Leibniz's phrase, "one man to do the work of a hundred."

Leibniz called the resulting science "physical economy" — the study of how a nation's real wealth is generated. It's not by trade or by money as such, but by the application of increasing technological power to production. Trade and money should be directed to facilitating this.



Huygens (l), Leibniz (c), Colbert (r), inventors of the science of economy.

In his 1791 *Report on the Subject of Manufactures*, Hamilton famously wrote that “to cherish and stimulate the activity of the human mind, by multiplying the objects of enterprise, is not among the least considerable of the expedients, by which the wealth of a nation may be promoted.”

The connection between inventions of the mind and the increase of a nation’s physical productive power is the actual kernel of the American System — not a policy of tariffs and banking alone, but a philosophy of what generates wealth in the first place.

In this respect, the American System is a product of the philosophy of Plato, as refined in Augustinian Christianity and the Renaissance, and refined again by Leibniz. It is not the materialist philosophy of Aristotle, the Enlightenment, John Locke, or Karl Marx.

Why Resources Never Run Out Under This System

The most important argument the American System makes against its critics concerns the nature of natural resources themselves.

A hunting-and-gathering society requires roughly ten square kilometers of land to sustain one person. Under such conditions, the entire planet could support perhaps ten million people, living short, brutal lives. Yet the modern world sustains many hundreds of times that population, at a standard of living unimaginable to any previous age.

The difference is not that the earth contains more resources than it once did. It is that technological progress continuously *redefines* what counts as a resource — coal, then oil, then uranium, then the ability to use lower grades of ore economically, each technological advance widening the “limits of natural resources” rather than allowing them to close in.

This is the single sharpest dividing line between the American System and the Malthusian, free-trade, and zero-growth doctrines which are at the heart of the British System.

Where Thomas Malthus and his successors treat population and resource scarcity as a fixed, closing trap, the American System treats the application of new technology to production as the mechanism by which that trap is avoided entirely.

A nation that stops advancing technologically does not merely stagnate — its resource base begins to close in on it, and its living standard begins to fall. A nation that keeps advancing widens its own resource base faster than its population or its needs can grow.

This is not a matter of ideology. It is a matter of demonstrable economic science — the reason the American System produces sustained, depression-resistant growth, and the reason free-trade doctrine, applied in its place, has produced panic after panic across two centuries of American history.

Technological Optimism as the Soul of the System

Because of this, the American System treats scientific and technological invention as the actual engine of national wealth. It is based in a culture which seeks to foster and reward individual genius. It is based on the inherent optimism which flows from mission-driven creativity, rather than the crippling pessimism at the heart of failing cultures.

The source of wealth is the production of real physical goods and public improvements — roads, canals, ports, bridges — combined with continuous advances in the technology applied to that production. Again, the measure of wealth is the productive power of labor.

A nation’s Treasury exists to direct credit toward productive investment in agriculture, industry, and infrastruc-

ture — not to manage the economy through interest rates, financial abstractions, and the magic algorithms of Wall Street traders.

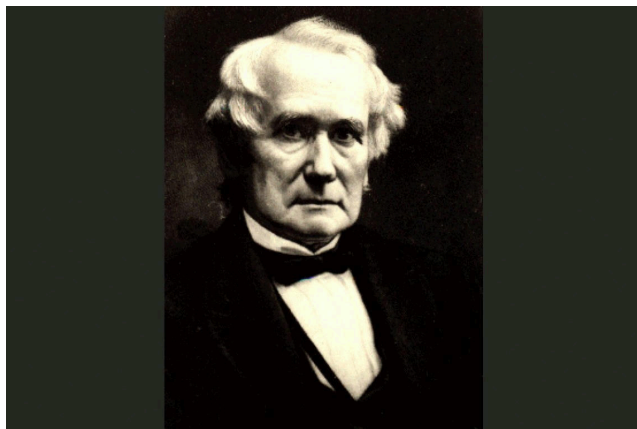
Karl Marx presented himself as Thomas Malthus's fiercest opponent. Yet Marx would seem to arrive, by a different road, at the same destination.

While Marx defended scientific and technological progress, in *Capital*, Volume III, he argued that capitalism carries within it a “tendency of the rate of profit to fall.” This is the result of capitalist competition and the substitution of machinery for labor to raise productivity.

Since Marx held that profit derives only from surplus value extracted from living labor, a rising ratio of machinery to labor must, on his reasoning, drive profit rates down even as output and technology climb.

The boom-bust cycles in capitalism, in this framework, are not imposed on capitalism from the outside. They are manufactured by the system's own success at doing precisely what it is supposed to do — innovate, mechanize, and increase output.

Ironically, both Marx and Malthus treat technological and productive advance as the *mechanism* of crisis rather than as capitalism's, or a nation's, escape from it.



Lincoln's economist, Henry C. Carey

Carey and the Comparison of the Two Systems

It fell to Henry Carey, a generation after Hamilton, to state the contrast between the American System and the British System in its clearest and most quotable form: two entirely different theories of where a nation's wealth comes from. And two entirely different prescriptions for how a nation ought to organize its economic life.

The following are excerpts from Henry Carey's *The Harmony of Interests: Agricultural, Manufacturing, and Commercial*, first published in 1851. Amazon <https://www.amazon.com/dp/1120993229>

“To substitute true Christianity for the detestable system known as the Malthusian, it is needed that we prove to the world that it is population that makes the food come from the rich soils, and that food tends to increase more rapidly than population, vindicating the policy of God to man.”

“Two systems are before the world; the one looks to increasing the proportion of persons and of capital engaged in trade and transportation, and therefore to diminishing the proportion engaged in producing commodities with which to trade, with necessarily diminished return to the labour of all; while the other looks to increasing the proportion engaged in the work of production, and diminishing that engaged in trade and transportation, with increased return to all, giving the labourer good wages, and to the owner of capital good profits. . .

“One looks to giving the products of millions of acres of land and of the labour of millions of men for the services of hundreds of thousands of distant men; the other to bringing the distant men to consume on the land the products of the land, exchanging day's labour for day's labour. . .

“One looks to compelling the farmers and planters of the Union to continue their contributions for the support of the fleets and the armies, the paupers, the nobles, and the sovereigns of Europe; the other to enabling ourselves to apply the same means to the moral and intellectual improvement of the sovereigns of America.

“One looks to the continuance of that bastard freedom of trade which denies the principle of protection, yet doles it out as revenue duties; the other by extending the area of legitimate free trade by the establishment of perfect protection, followed by the annexation of individuals and communities, and ultimately by the abolition of customs-houses. . .

“One looks to increasing the necessity of commerce; the other to increasing the power to maintain it. One looks to underworking the Hindoo, and sinking the rest of the world to his level; the other to raising

the standard of man throughout the world to our level. One looks to pauperism, ignorance, depopulation, and barbarism; the other to increasing wealth, comfort, intelligence, combination of action, and civilization. One looks towards universal war; the other towards universal peace.

“One is the English system; the other we may be proud to call the American system, for it is the only one ever devised the tendency of which was that of elevating while equalizing the condition of man throughout the world.”

The American System holds that a nation grows wealthy by developing its own productive capacity — protecting its infant industries, investing in its own infrastructure, applying advancing technology to its own resources, and building a large, increasingly skilled, well-paid domestic labor force whose productivity creates further growth.

The British System holds, by contrast, that nations grow wealthy through free trade organized around comparative advantage — with the practical effect, in application, of consigning weaker or newer economies to the permanent role of raw-material supplier to Britain’s finished-goods industry.

This is all financed and enforced through the independent City of London globalist financial center. That is located in one square mile of London, England where even the King has to ask permission to enter.

And as we shall see, Karl Marx — alleged to be history’s main opponent of the capitalist system — viewed Henry Carey, along with the American System economist Friedrich List, as his most formidable opponents.

CHAPTER 2

1789: The Jacobin Disaster

COMMUNISM vs SOCIALISM

Core ideas in theory, and how the terms are commonly used today

	COMMUNISM	SOCIALISM
AIM	A classless, stateless society with common ownership of productive wealth. Goods allocated by need.	Social ownership or strong public control of the main means of production, with more equal outcomes. The state remains.
OWNERSHIP	No private ownership of factories, land, or capital. Personal items may exist; productive property is communal.	Personal property is usually allowed. Major industries, utilities, or natural resources are public, cooperative, or heavily regulated.
PAYOUT	"From each according to his ability, to each according to his needs." (Marx, Critique of the Gotha Programme)	Typically "to each according to his work/contribution." Pay and benefits still vary with labor, skill, or welfare need.
THE STATE	In theory the state "withers away" after classes disappear. In 20th-century practice: a strong one-party state.	The state is central: it owns, plans, or redistributes. Compatible with multi-party democracy or with authoritarianism.
CLASSES	Goal is to abolish class. In Marxist theory, a temporary "dictatorship of the proletariat" precedes a classless order.	Class differences are reduced (via public ownership, tax, and services) but not necessarily abolished.
CHANGE	Classical Marxism expected revolution. Later communist parties seized and held power through one-party rule.	Many socialists pursue reform through elections and law. Revolutionary socialists also exist; the family of ideas is broad.
MARKETS	In the fully realized ideal: no commodity production or market allocation. Historical communist states used central plans (some later added markets).	Ranges from planned economies to market socialism and social democracy, where private firms and prices coexist with a large welfare state.
Caveats: Marx often used "socialism" and "communism" interchangeably; later Marxists treated socialism as a lower stage and communism as the higher stage. Countries labeled "communist" (USSR, Maoist China, Cuba) never claimed to have reached stateless communism. "Socialism" today covers Nordic social democracy and one-party states alike. Political labels are often slogans, not precise economic descriptions.		

Right now, boomer TV hosts keep yammering away at the young to the effect that "they don't understand that socialism and Communism 'don't work'".

This misses the point entirely. These are synthetic ideological creations of British secret intelligence for the purposes of color revolutions and destruction of any nation threatening the British Empire.

Every single one of these "revolutions" started under the banner of "democracy" and ended with the bloody installation of a dictator under imperial control. The British are content with the Frankensteins they create except when they escape control and attack Britain itself, as was the case with Hitler.

Thanks to Benjamin Franklin's diplomacy, France was an ally in the Revolutionary War and provided a critical margin of victory. So did Catherine the Great's Russia, and the League of Armed Neutrality which she organized.

That body included Russia, Denmark-Norway, Sweden, Prussia, Austria, Portugal, and the Ottoman Empire. By guaranteeing freedom of shipping, it isolated Britain and sparked the Anglo-Dutch war, stretching the resources of the Royal Navy. Prussia's Baron von Steuben, as an individual, provided essential military training to the Continental Army.

France, Russia, and Germany would all suffer subsequent British-operated color revolutions. The British revolutions are called "color revolutions" because the partici-

pants in the street theatre aspects of this — demonstrations, storming and taking over buildings, riots, tearing down statues — wear certain colors or adopt certain symbols to brand themselves. In the French Revolution it was the Phrygian cap, which the Romans had given to freed slaves.



The principal author of the French Revolution of July 14, 1789 was not a Frenchman. It was Britain's Lord Shelburne — the leading political figure behind both Barings Bank and the East India Company.

Shelburne had armed himself for the task of preventing the spread of the American Revolution. He had assigned his protégé Adam Smith to write the primary attack on the American cause: *The Wealth of Nations*.

Shelburne's direct move against France came during his own brief term as Prime Minister in 1782–83, when he structured separate peace negotiations among the United States and its allies France and Spain — planting, in that separation, the seeds of the alliance's later collapse.

By mid-1789, French patriots Jean Sylvain Bailly and the Marquis de Lafayette had drafted a proposed constitution for France modeled on American principles — a France that might have followed America's path rather than the one that came next. That was the moment Shelburne struck.



American revolutionary hero, Marquis de Lafayette and Jean Sylvain Bailly.

The storming of the Bastille on July 14 was organized through Shelburne's agents: the Duke of Orléans, who financed the mob, and the Geneva-born banker Jacques Necker, installed as France's finance minister at Shelburne's direction. Later operatives — Danton and Marat among them — were trained by and directed from London, through Jeremy Bentham, who served Shelburne's intelligence operation.



The storming of the Bastille

The French Revolution began with the promise of liberty, equality, and fraternity, and within five years produced a Terror that killed thousands, killed the men who ran it, and produced a dictator, Napoleon Bonaparte, who would savage Europe. He became the model for Adolf Hitler later.

Shelburne's Stable

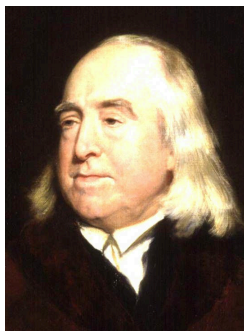


William Petty, Lord Shelburne

Shelburne operated from his estate at Bowood, which functioned as the founding office of British secret intelligence. He chaired the East India Company's all-powerful three-man "Secret Committee," alongside Francis Baring — giving him direct command of the Company's private intelligence apparatus, larger and more capable at the time than the Crown's own.

It was at Bowood that Shelburne installed Jeremy Bentham in an apartment on the estate, and it was from Bowood that Bentham's speeches — translated into French by the Genevan Étienne Dumont — were sent by diplomatic pouch to Paris, to be delivered word for word by the Terror's leading voices: Marat, Danton, and Robespierre.

Bentham's contempt for the American cause was on record from the start. Writing in October 1776 against the Declaration of Independence, he sneered that Americans held their rights to be "self-evident" while somehow failing to notice that no government has ever existed except at the expense of one or another of those same "unalienable" rights. In his words, this was a tenet that outdid "the extravagance of all former fanatics."



Jeremy Bentham, first head of British Secret Intelligence

The Geneva Bankers

Shelburne's continental base was not London but French-speaking Switzerland — the intermarried, Calvinist banking families of Geneva, tied by both religion and business to the same British financial network.

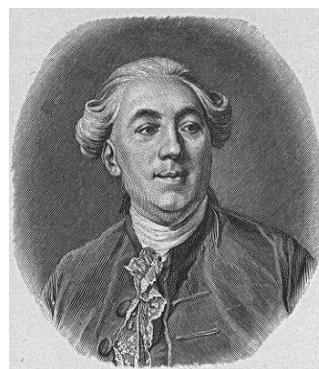
Jacques Necker, the Geneva-born banker installed as France's finance minister first in 1777 and again in 1788, worked secretly with British interests to undermine the French-American wartime alliance and to wreck France's constitutional prospects from within.

When Necker was dismissed in July 1789, the mob that stormed the Bastille days later carried his bust through the streets alongside that of the Duke of Orléans — the two men they had been told to call heroes, and the two men who had financed the operation.

Necker's Geneva colleague Jacques Mallet du Pan performed the parallel function on the doctrinal side, working as Britain's principal French-speaking intelligence officer on the continent and the man chiefly responsible for popularizing Adam Smith's free-trade doctrine inside France.

He lobbied Louis XVI directly to accept Prime Minister Pitt's 1786 Eden Treaty, stripping away France's protective tariffs and flooding the country with British manufactured goods.

The resulting collapse of French employment and agriculture is what forced Necker's own reinstallation as finance minister in 1788. The same Geneva network that had engineered the crisis was now supplying the "solution." Mallet du Pan and his Geneva circle argued, in the same breath, that France should adopt Britain's parliamentary system alongside its free-trade economics.



Jacques Necker

American historian Micah Alpaugh, in a 2014 study, documented that France's Jacobin clubs were consciously modeled on an existing British organization: the London Revolution Society, meeting at the London Tavern since 1788, ostensibly to mark the centenary of England's own Glorious Revolution.



Louis Philippe II, Duke of Orléans

Four months after the Bastille fell, while Louis XVI still showed every willingness to work with the new National Assembly toward a constitutional monarchy — the London Revolution Society sent a letter to that Assembly, read aloud to the legislators, urging the French to set aside “national partialities” and join their English brethren in a revolution that would make “the World free and happy.”

Alpaugh records that the letter produced “a great sensation” and loud applause, and that the Assembly wrote back praising “the aurora of the beautiful day” when the two nations might unite in “common enthusiasm for liberty.” That letter directly inspired the founding of the Société de la Révolution — a name chosen, pointedly, in tribute to its London model. The club was soon renamed the Société des Amis de la Constitution and became known, from the former Jacobin (Dominican) convent where it met, as the Club des Jacobins.

The Jacobin clubs in France produced Danton, Marat, Robespierre, and the Terror. They also gave the world something else: communism itself, more than fifty years before Marx.

Gracchus Babeuf's Conspiracy of Equals preached the abolition of private property and a classless society, and attempted to overthrow Robespierre's successors in 1796. The conspiracy failed and Babeuf was executed — but

Marx and Engels themselves later called him the first modern Communist.

The Jacobin Method

By 1793–94, under Robespierre, Danton, and Marat, the movement that began as a moderate constitutional debating society had become the Terror — the Committee of Public Safety executing thousands under the Law of Suspects, which required no evidence beyond suspicion. The Jacobins were not reformers of the monarchy. They were self-declared remakers of man.



Robespierre (l), Danton (c), Marat (r) in discussion The parallel to what the Democrats in our country have become since 2016 is not accidental.

The Jacobins abolished the Christian calendar for a “Year One.” They staged the Cult of Reason, then Robespierre's Cult of the Supreme Being, replacing France's churches with revolutionary liturgy. They crushed the provinces' federalist revolts to centralize all power in Paris. And they devoured their own: Danton went to the guillotine he had helped build. Robespierre perished at the guillotine in Thermidor, July 1794.



Robespierre meets his fate

France consumed by Terror, then by the Directory's corruption, then by permanent war, could not compete with Britain commercially, could not offer the world a working alternative to British finance, and could not sustain 1776 as an example other nations might follow.

What Malthus Added



Thomas Malthus

The same apparatus that engineered the Terror soon supplied its economic doctrine. In 1798, Thomas Malthus published his *Essay on the Principle of Population*, arguing that population growth would always outrun food supply.

In recognition, the East India Company created Britain's first professorship in political economy and installed Malthus in it at the Company's own Haileybury College, where its agents were trained. The Company's orbit also took in James Mill and John Stuart Mill, both of whom spent their careers at East India House in London.

In 1751, decades before Malthus, Benjamin Franklin had reached the opposite conclusion about population growth. He argued, in *Observations Concerning the Increase of Mankind*, for rapidly increasing the population of North America. To Franklin, growth was opportunity, not catastrophe.

Purgative Violence

The Genevan network that ran Necker and Mallet du Pan against the French constitutional movement also cultivated Joseph de Maistre. He was a Savoy nobleman steeped in the Martinist secret societies of Lyons. His 1797 book *Considerations on France*, and his later *Essay on the Generative Principle of Political Constitutions*, argue that constitutions are never made by human delib-

eration but only granted by Providence, working through a man empowered to shed blood without limit.



Napoleon Bonaparte

This book inspired the young Corsican General Napoleon Bonaparte who emerged as dictator upon the ruins of the French Revolution.

This will happen again, and again. A managed color revolution scripted by outside financiers and pointed toward a rampage of destruction is never intended to produce liberty. First comes Robespierre for the destruction, then comes the ruthless dictator, Napoleon, to plunge the rest of Europe into darkness while restoring "order" in France.

CHAPTER 3

Lord Palmerston's Human Zoo

If the French Revolution was the first performance of the British method, Henry John Temple, 3rd Viscount Palmerston, perfected it. Where Shelburne's circle had to construct a new operation in 1789, Palmerston inherited a working machine — Giuseppe Mazzini's Young Europe — and ran it across an entire continent for the better part of half a century. Its operations extended to the Americas and produced John Wilkes Booth, Lincoln's assassin.



Lord Palmerston and Giuseppe Mazzini

The Jacobin Cause, Renamed

Giuseppe Mazzini was an Italian revolutionary, born in Genoa in 1805, who spent most of his adult life not in Italy but in London, under the British government's protection. He arrived in England in 1837 as a political exile and never really left.

Mazzini had concocted a very effective terrorist belief structure which is almost a carbon copy of the belief structure now embraced by the Democratic Socialists of America.

He was an admirer of the diabolical Venetian friar Paolo Sarpi. Mazzini's father was a physician to Queen Victoria's father. For a while Mazzini worked for the Carbonari, one of Napoleon's freemasonic fronts. Then, in 1831, Mazzini founded his Young Italy secret society.

Louis Napoleon Bonaparte, then President of France, sent him articles for his magazine. Mazzini's cry is "God and the People," "Dio e Popolo," which means that the people are the new God. Populism becomes an ersatz religion. Mazzini teaches that Christianity developed the human individual, but that the era of Christianity, of freedom, of human rights, is now over.

From now on, the protagonists of history are not individuals any more, but peoples, understood as racial nationalities. Mazzini is adamant that there are no inalienable human rights. There is only Duty, the duty of thought and action to serve the destiny of the racial collectivities.

"Liberty," says Mazzini, "is not the negation of all authority; it is the negation of every authority that fails to represent the Collective Aim of the Nation." There is no individual human soul, only a collective soul. According to Mazzini, the Catholic Church, the papacy, and every other institution which attempts to bring God to man must be abolished.

Every national grouping that can be identified must be given independence and self-determination in a centralized dictatorship. In the coming century, Mussolini and the Italian Fascists will repeat many of Mazzini's ideas verbatim.

Mazzini thinks that each modern nation has a "mission": The British would take care of Industry and Colonies; the Poles, leadership of the Slavic world; the Russians, the civilizing of Asia. The French get Action, the Germans get

Thought, and so forth. For some strange reason, there is no mission for Ireland, so Mazzini does not support the independence of Ireland. There is only one monarchy which Mazzini supports, because he says it has deep roots among the people: You guessed it, Queen Victoria.

From London, Mazzini ran "Young Italy" and then the larger umbrella organization "Young Europe" — networks that trained and dispatched revolutionaries across the continent, always in the name of national liberation.

What made Mazzini valuable to the British was not his own success, which was minimal — nearly every uprising he organized failed — but his usefulness as an instrument of British foreign policy.

He operated in close, documented contact with British officials. His funding ran through figures connected to the British government, including Lord Palmerston's own stepson-in-law, Lord Ashley, and the radical MP James Stansfeld — later a junior lord of the Admiralty — who bankrolled Mazzini for decades and had to resign from Palmerston's government in 1864 when his name surfaced in a Mazzinian plot to assassinate Napoleon III.

Mazzini was, in short, a British-based, British-funded revolutionary whose real function was to keep continental Europe's rival powers — Austria, Russia, the German states — permanently destabilized by nationalist agitation, while Britain itself remained untouched.

The Jacobin cause that produced the Terror and the Jacobin cause that produced Mazzini's international networks were one and the same enterprise, simply extended into a new generation.

Mazzini and Marx

Karl Marx himself is best understood not as history's great revolutionary innovator, but as his best critic, Lyndon LaRouche, said — "a pebble dropped in the Jacobin waters" of his century, one figure among a large assortment of radicals assembled inside Giuseppe Mazzini's Young Europe insurgency of the 1830s and 1840s.

Mazzini's followers helped found the International Working Men's Association in 1864, and Marx, who became its principal spokesman on political economy, soon drove them out — the two men were open rivals, though

they had operated in the same radical milieu since the 1840s.



Karl Marx (c) and his two handlers, Friedrich Engels (r), David Urquhart (l)

Urquhart's Desk

David Urquhart, a British oligarch and intelligence operative under Jeremy Bentham, was Karl Marx's publisher. Urquhart ran what is described as a "desk" at the British Museum reading room, from which he monitored items of interest to Britain arising out of Mazzini's operations.

Urquhart shared with Marx an intense hatred of Russia. But he was in all respects a feudalism, believing that the world was better when peasants reported to their royal masters rather than the world created by the industrial revolution where the middle and working classes thrived.

Karl Marx spent years under the direct supervision of Urquhart's circle. Engels, who had preceded Marx into Communism, was his longtime partner in writing revolutionary tracts. Marx was a devout materialist and pantheist.

The economy Marx analyzed in *Das Kapital* was the British Empire's imperial economy. Marx considered the analysis of that economy by David Ricardo and Adam Smith to be the definition of capitalism and it was his subject in *Das Kapital*.

At the same time he railed against the American System of Hamilton, Henry Carey and Friedrich List with the ferocity of a religious convert. Both Marx and Henry Carey wrote for Horace Greeley's New York Tribune, edited by Charles Dana, then the most widely read newspaper in America. Carey sought to introduce Marx to his American System. Instead, Marx attacked Carey as delusional.

Marx positioned himself as the adversary of both the British and the American System. He plagiarized bits and pieces from Friedrich List and Henry Carey, while defending the feudalistic element of Smith, Malthus, and Ricardo, the doctrine of "ground rent" against the economists of the American System. By arguing that the British system was the only matured, scientific version of political economy, he cited the manifest social evils of the British system as sufficient cause for the destruction of all capitalism. He dismissed the rising wages of labor caused by increased productivity in the American economy as an aberration.

This is a genuinely strange fact: a self-declared revolutionary, Karl Marx, spent his working life inside a British intelligence-adjacent apparatus, attacking the one economic system — that of Hamilton, Carey, and Friedrich List — that actually threatened the arrangement Urquhart served.

Mazzini's Method, and Marx's Place Within It

Mazzini's genius was to offer each faction of European radicalism a doctrine tailored to its own grievances, while keeping the ultimate beneficiaries of the resulting chaos carefully offstage.

Mazzini's Young Europe associations were vague about what new order was to be built on the ruins of the old; the point was to assemble the largest possible number of bodies at the barricades, and to avoid dividing the ranks with premature argument about what came next. The Swiss and British elites deploying Mazzini kept their own private estimation of the intended outcome carefully secret from Mazzini's own recruits.

If this reminds you of the "big tent" argument the Democrat Party is making now about its Jacobin "Communist," "Socialist," and anarchist elements, that's not accidental.

Marx's variety of Communism was, in this framework, only one among several such products manufactured for different markets.

The point is not that Karl Marx got himself caught up with disreputable people or British agents, although that is true.

It is that the entire apparatus that produced "communism" as a coherent doctrine — Mazzini's perverse

organizational genius, Urquhart's direction, the Swiss and British financiers operating behind the curtain, the deliberate multiplication of tailored radical products for different national markets — all of it was constructed and operated for a single purpose: preventing the spread of the American System, and of constitutional, developmental self-government generally, to any nation capable of rivaling British financial supremacy.

CHAPTER 4

1848 to 1865: From Europe's Failed Revolutions to Britain's War on America

By February 1848, the machine described in the last chapter had been running for two decades. That month, it delivered its masterpiece: not one revolution, but a dozen, breaking out within weeks of each other across France, the German states, the Austrian Empire, Italy, and Hungary. Historians call it the "Springtime of Nations."

It was not spring. It was harvest — the harvest of everything Mazzini's Young Europe had spent twenty years planting. And it was only the rehearsal. Within fifteen years, the same strategic aim — preventing any rival power from consolidating a nation strong enough to challenge British financial supremacy — would be turned directly on the United States.

The Manifesto, Timed

Marx and Engels published *The Communist Manifesto* in London in February 1848 — mere days before the first barricades went up in Paris. Mazzini's networks, which had spent two decades organizing "Young Italy," "Young Poland," "Young Germany," and a dozen other tailored franchises for exactly this outcome, delivered the revolution. Marx's pamphlet arrived as its theoretical gloss.

Designed to Cancel Itself Out

The revolutions of 1848 spread from Sicily to Paris to Vienna to Berlin to Hungary to Italy within weeks — and collapsed within two years, because each nationality's revolution had been built to collide with its neighbor's.

Mazzini's Young Poland claimed territory Young Russia's sympathizers considered Ukrainian. Young Hungary and Young Romania were promised the same province, Transylvania, by the same organizers, and fought each other over it.

Kossuth's Hungary made Magyar the sole official language, over the heads of its Slavic and Romanian populations, even while demanding liberty from Vienna, guaranteeing collision with the Croatian and Serbian nationalists Mazzini was simultaneously organizing under a rival banner.

Metternich's Austria was not defeated by these revolutions. It was saved by them.

By 1849, the Habsburgs had recovered Hungary; Mazzini's own Roman Republic was crushed by a French army under Louis Napoleon Bonaparte, now acting as Palmerston's junior partner. Within eighteen months, nearly every monarchy "badly shaken" that spring had been fully restored.

Britain itself, having organized two decades of revolution abroad, experienced none at home.

A System Returns

In the United States, the development of the American System was centered in the intellectual circles of Philadelphia. Benjamin Franklin's city soared in the 1820s. Nicholas Biddle (the president of the Bank of the United States) and Mathew Carey (Irish insurgent leader, a Franklin protégé, who became the prophet of American nationalism) together guided development-minded investors and local and state governments to begin commercially mining American coal for the first time; to build a huge network of canals to pour out the new fuel into shops and cities; to forge iron, and to erect the most advanced machine-building shops. They formed scientific and philosophical societies echoing Franklin's famous Junto.

Mathew Carey mentored the German immigrant economist Friedrich List, who left Pennsylvania as a U.S. consul, campaigned for the tariff union that consolidated the German states, and promoted the first railroads in Germany.

Henry C. Carey, Mathew Carey's son, would spend the 1830s and 1840s doing the intellectual work that made

that full blossoming of the American System possible. He published refutations of British scarcity economics in 1835, a theory of active government investment that rejected managed scarcity outright, and published the *Harmony of Interests* in 1851 for an international audience.

Abraham Lincoln declared himself for a national bank, a protective tariff, and federal internal improvements as early as 1832.

Henry Carey moved from economist to political organizer, serving as a leading delegate at the first Republican nominating convention in 1856 and shaping the protective-tariff plank of the 1860 platform.

When Lincoln won the presidency, Carey stayed on as his economic advisor, in constant contact with Treasury Secretary Salmon Chase. He is credited with both the Morrill Tariff and the greenback — the first American currency issued on the federal government's own credit.

This is the nation Palmerston moved against — not a fragile experiment, but an American System freshly triumphant, expanding its own credit and industry at the exact moment Britain needed that expansion to fail.

A Colonial Economy in All But Name

By 1860, the American South supplied roughly 80 percent of Britain's raw cotton, and Britain purchased some 70 percent of the South's cotton exports. The antebellum South was Britain's colonial economy in every functional sense — a relationship the South's own aristocracy embraced culturally as well as economically.

The North's industrialization, and its tariffs aimed at ending British dominance of Southern trade, threatened that arrangement directly. Henry Carey had warned the South as early as 1854 that secession would be self-destructive. The North would continue to prosper under the protectionist system that had built its industry. A seceded South, even combined into a larger slave empire, would remain permanently dependent for its one export crop on a single foreign buyer — British textile manufacturers.

The tariff fights of 1828 and 1842, undone each time by the political weight of the slaveholding states in Congress, were in Carey's own account the direct evidence of that dependency shaping American policy from within.

London's "Neutrality" Builds the Confederate Navy

Britain never formally recognized the Confederacy, but its declaration of neutrality in May 1861 handed the South belligerent rights: legal standing to trade with British merchants, fly its flag at sea, and use neutral ports on equal footing with the Union. British shipyards then built the Confederacy's navy in every practical sense.

Captain James Bulloch, operating out of Liverpool and Glasgow, outfitted blockade-runners and commerce raiders. The *CSS Alabama* alone captured or sank some 65 Union merchant vessels; the British-built cruisers together accounted for roughly 250. Secretly, Palmerston contemplated an intervention by proposing mediation by Britain and France.

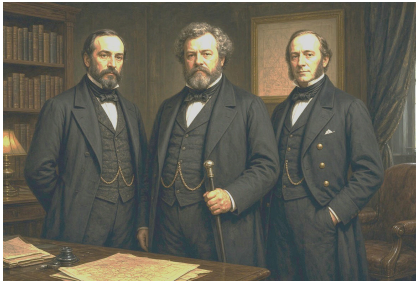
Why the Union Survived

Two developments in 1863 ended that potential scheme. Union victories at Gettysburg and Vicksburg, won on consecutive days that July, broke Confederate momentum at the exact moment intervention was still being weighed. And Russia's foreign minister, Prince Gorchakov, had already told Lincoln's envoy plainly that Russia would refuse any invitation to join a mediation scheme and would not change that position.

In the autumn of 1863, Tsar Alexander II sent two full naval squadrons to American waters — one to New York, one to San Francisco. They remained through the winter, an unmistakable signal that the Union would not stand without an ally if Britain and France moved against it. Russell wrote to Palmerston that no action could be taken without Russian participation. As we shall see, Bismarck's Germany, in turn, provided significant financial backing to the Union.

Young America and the Making of an Assassin

In 1845, Edwin de Leon of South Carolina — a disciple of Mazzini's networks — founded "Young America," one more franchise in the same "Young [Nation]" model we've described.



Traitors Edwin de Leon, George Sanders, James Bulloch

Young America featured hostility to federal authority, imported wholesale from Mazzini's European vocabulary of "resistance to oppression," repackaged for a Southern audience primed to hear it as a defense of their own cause.

By the 1850s thousands of young Southern men had passed through Young America's ranks, and it was out of this movement that the Knights of the Golden Circle emerged, supplying much of the manpower agitating for secession.

George N. Sanders became Young America's leader in 1851 and was posted to London as U.S. consul in 1853, where he hosted Mazzini, Garibaldi, and Kossuth — Palmerston's own stable of revolutionary agents.

When war came, Sanders moved directly into the Confederate Secret Service, and by 1864, operating out of Montreal with five million dollars raised through James Bulloch in London, he became a leading figure in the Confederacy's Canadian intelligence operations under Jacob Thompson — including contact with John Wilkes Booth.

Booth's own radicalization followed the same path exactly. As a teenager he moved in Young America's milieu, joined the Knights of the Golden Circle in 1858, and by 1862 or 1863 had been recruited into the Confederate Secret Service, with Sanders as his case officer. Booth traveled to Montreal at least twice to meet Sanders and other Confederate agents, funded with money forwarded from London through Bulloch.

A coded message-sheet found in Booth's trunk after his death matched a coding device found in Judah Benjamin's own Richmond office — physical evidence linking the Confederacy's Secretary of State directly to Booth's operation. The original plan, formed at a Boston meeting in July 1864, was kidnapping, not murder — a plot to seize Lincoln and force the release of Confederate prisoners of war. Only after that plan collapsed in March

1865, and Richmond fell weeks later, did Booth's handlers pivot to assassination.

Sanders was an open adherent of Mazzini's "theory of the dagger," and had spoken admiringly, both in London and in America, of Robespierre and Marat as models for revolutionary violence against tyranny.

The doctrine Palmerston had spent decades cultivating in Mazzini's Europe — assassination as a legitimate revolutionary method — crossed the Atlantic through Young America and put the gun in Booth's hand at Ford's Theatre.

CHAPTER 5

McKinley, Bismarck, and Britain's War on Two Fronts

The Union's victory in 1865 did not end Palmerston's war. It changed its shape. Having failed to break the United States by force and by proxy, Britain spent the next half-century working to ensure that no other nation would ever again apply the American System successfully enough to challenge British supremacy. Its next targets, in conjunction with the Venetians in Switzerland, were Germany and Russia.

List's Warning

Before Otto von Bismarck turned to American System policies for Germany, there was Friedrich List. This German-born economist had lived in the United States for eight years, was mentored by Mathew Carey, took American citizenship, and immersed himself in Hamilton's Treasury reports.

List developed the American System's principles into what he called the "confederation of productive forces" — the idea that a nation's wealth rests on organized productive capacity, not on trade for its own sake — and carried that doctrine back to Germany, where he championed the customs union that would eventually unify German commerce ahead of German political unification.



Mathew Carey (l), Friedrich List (c), Otto von Bismarck (r) American System Creators

Shortly before his death, List traveled to London and personally warned Prince Albert, Lord Palmerston, and Sir Robert Peel that Britain's global economic supremacy, based on free trade and colonialism, was ending. Knowing where these policies led, he predicted in 1846 that Britain faced exactly two choices: a war against the United States aimed at its dismemberment, or abandoning free trade for protectionism itself.

List returned from that visit "a physical and psychological wreck," and was dead within three months. The claim is that he died by suicide. But the London *Economist* had already denounced him by name as a dangerous agitator whose system was "built on lies and sophisms." Britain responded to his warning, in time, with the Confederacy in the United States and then with the encirclement of Bismarck's Germany.

Bismarck's American Alliance

Otto von Bismarck kept a copy of List's *National System of Political Economy* on his own bedside table throughout his time in office, by the testimony of the Russian statesman Sergei Witte. Bismarck's tie to the American System was not merely intellectual — it was personal and diplomatic.

As a university student, he formed a decades-long friendship with John Lothrop Motley, later the American minister to Austria and then to Britain. Bismarck's circle of American diplomatic friends explicitly saw a unified Germany as the vehicle for spreading American constitutional and economic principles into continental Europe, undoing the damage of the Congress of Vienna's deliberate fragmentation of the German states.

This alliance had immediate consequences for the American Civil War itself. As Bismarck maneuvered Prussia toward unification, his military actions pinned down Britain's and France's potential continental rivals and diplomatic energy, reducing their freedom to intervene on the Confederacy's behalf.

Bismarck personally encouraged German banks to purchase Union war bonds, helping finance Lincoln's government. He wrote to Motley in 1864 promising that "the Union flag shall wave over our house" while Confederate sympathizers were toasted with "damnation."

Once Germany was unified in 1871, Bismarck completed the American System's transatlantic victory. In May 1879, he told the Reichstag directly that Germany's free-trade "open door" had made the nation "a dumping ground for the excess production of other countries." He moved Germany decisively into protectionism, nationalizing the railroads and building the world's most advanced social welfare system in the same years.

Removing Bismarck

For as long as Kaiser Wilhelm I lived, Britain's Prince Edward, later King Edward VII, was stymied. He held Bismarck personally responsible for Lincoln's victory. Wilhelm I died in 1888. His son, Frederick, died of cancer within months. And Frederick's son, the young and vain Wilhelm II, proved an easy target for British manipulation. On March 20, 1890, Wilhelm II forced Bismarck's resignation.

This is the true starting date of the First World War. Bismarck had spent nearly three decades preventing exactly the encirclement of Germany that followed his removal. He maintained peace with Russia, avoided provocation of France or Britain, and anchored the continent's stability on a war-prevention alliance. His successors abandoned that within a few years of his departure.

Bismarck himself predicted, shortly before his death, that the next European war would come "out of some damned silly thing in the Balkans." He was right.

Edward spent the years after 1890, and then his reign as King from 1901, assembling the ententes — with Russia, France, and Japan — whose explicit purpose was the isolation of Germany.

*The Evil King Edward VII*

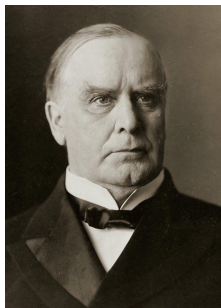
Kaiser Wilhelm II himself, in the final days before war broke out in August 1914, recognized what had been done to him. Britain, Russia, and France had, in his own words, engineered his diplomatic isolation over decades, using Austria as the pretext to spring what he called “a war of extermination against us.”

The nation whose entire economic and diplomatic architecture had been built as the American System’s continental partner was maneuvered, over twenty-four years, into the war that would destroy it.

McKinley’s American System, at Its Peak

While Bismarck’s Germany rose and fell, the United States under William McKinley reached the fullest expression of the American System since Lincoln’s Civil War mobilization.

McKinley, the last Civil War veteran to hold the presidency and a lifelong devotee of Lincoln, made protective tariffs the center of his career. His 1890 tariff, he said, “gave work and wages to all such as they had never had before... It had no friends in Europe.” As president, his first legislative act was a tariff heavily taxing British imports specifically “to preserve the home market... to revive and increase manufactures.”

*President William McKinley*

But McKinley’s vision extended past protectionism into what he called “Reciprocity.” That is mutually beneficial economic partnership among sovereign nations, particularly across Latin America. Creating a market where America could trade its goods fairly and profitably was the foundation of McKinley’s foreign policy.

On September 5, 1901, McKinley delivered what would be his final public address, at the Pan-American Exposition in Buffalo. He envisioned a world bound together by “art, science, industry, and invention” as “an international asset and a common glory.”

It was, in substance, a vision of American System principles extended peacefully across an entire hemisphere. That is precisely the kind of durable, developmental American-led order that would have permanently ended British financial primacy in the Western Hemisphere had it taken root.

Twenty-four hours after delivering that speech, McKinley was shot twice by an assassin, Leon Czolgosz. He died eight days later.

The Generation of Assassins

From 1881 to 1900, a wave of assassinations took place in Europe by what might be called a Palmerston/Mazzini Generation 2 assault on threats to the British Empire. Russia’s reforming Tsar Alexander II was assassinated in 1881; the pro-American Bismarck, removed by palace intrigue in 1890; France’s President Sadi Carnot, Spain’s premier, Austria’s empress, and Italy’s king, all assassinated by British-tolerated anarchist networks between 1894 and 1900.

*McKinley’s assassination*

McKinley’s assassin, Czolgosz, was a disciple of Emma Goldman, the anarchist agitator. She was a disciple of the anarchist terrorist Johann Most. Most made his name by advocating assassinations of rulers, what he called “the

propaganda of the deed.” London was a center of these violent anarchist sects. Most, for example, was financially supported by the London club called the German Communistic Working Men’s Club.

Founded on February 7, 1840, it served as a vital intellectual hub for European socialism, Chartism, and early anarchism. It was the public front for the Communist League, the group that commissioned Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels to write *The Communist Manifesto*.

After President McKinley was assassinated, Goldman compared Czolgosz’s killing of McKinley to the assassination of Julius Caesar by Marcus Junius Brutus. We note that this is a favorite meme circulated by Democrats today to justify the assassination of Donald Trump.

While in the U.S., Goldman lectured at the Henry Street Settlement House in New York. The New York Police Commissioner had warned that the settlement house was the center of assassination threats against McKinley. The Henry Street Settlement House was built by funds from Kuhn, Loeb banker Jacob Schiff and his close associate Sir Ernest Cassel, personal banker and friend of King Edward VII.

The Turning Point

McKinley’s own vice president, Theodore Roosevelt, had been forced onto the ticket over the fierce personal objection of McKinley’s manager, Mark Hanna (“that damned cowboy”). Roosevelt was pushed by the pro-British, Wall Street wing of the Republican Party, namely the House of Morgan.

Teddy Roosevelt was, by his own repeated public admission, a devoted nephew of James Bulloch, the same Confederate agent in London who had financed John Wilkes Booth. Roosevelt called him his “favorite uncle” and praised his “valiant and simple and upright” character in his 1913 *Autobiography*. That was despite Bulloch having published his own unrepentant memoir of Confederate secret service work in Europe.

Roosevelt reversed McKinley’s program systematically. Reciprocity gave way to “Big Stick” intervention against Latin American sovereignty. Lincoln-era development measures were cancelled. National financial power passed into the hands of the Rothschild-Morgan banking axis.

The National Monetary Commission Roosevelt established after the Panic of 1907 led directly to the 1910 Jekyll Island meetings that produced the Federal Reserve in 1913.

Roosevelt used executive action to establish the Bureau of Investigation, the forerunner of the FBI, after Congress refused to fund it.

By 1915, the Hamilton-Lincoln-McKinley tradition was dead in American governance. The United States stood closely aligned with the British Empire, its finances centered in London and Wall Street.

CHAPTER 6

1917: The Revolution Engineered from London

The center of the developments leading into World War I and the Russian Revolution was, once again, Venice and the Venetian colony known as Switzerland, acting in conjunction with the British.

During the period since Tsarina Catherine the Great, Venice's leading families had directed an operation whose principal, persisting feature had been to lure Russia into wars with Turkey and Austria, to the long-range purpose of accomplishing the mutual destruction of all three.

The rise of industrial power in Germany and Russia, during the latter half of the nineteenth century, caused an adjustment in that Venetian enterprise. Now, the destruction of both Germany and Russia became the central focus.

The trigger was the threat to British interests in Asia constituted by the collaboration between forces rallied around Gabriel Hanotaux in France, Count Sergei Witte in Russia, and Bismarck's heirs in Germany. And the relationship of the heirs of Henry Carey and McKinley to these circles was direct and deep.

In addition to Britain's conflict with Russia in Persia and Afghanistan, Hanotaux and Witte had linked their forces to the Meiji Restoration faction in Japan, as well as allies within Germany. The American System was spreading again, with Britain's free-trade dominance in the crosshairs.

Count Sergei Witte, Russia's finance minister, based his economics for freeing Russia's backward economy completely on the American System economics of Friedrich List. The great Trans-Siberian Railroad was but one of many results. It was built with locomotives and other supplies from the United States.

The same was true of Hanotaux in France who was building great infrastructure projects, not only in France but also in Africa and foresaw a great Russian, French, and German alliance to fully develop Eurasia.



Count Sergei Witte (l), Gabriel Hanotaux (r), American System architects for Eurasia The following is drawn almost verbatim from Lyndon LaRouche's analysis of the forces at play.

To confront this threat to the imperium, the followers of John Ruskin and his protégé, Cecil Rhodes, shaped British grand strategy according to British imperial interests as subsumed within the older Venetian scheme.

This was Alfred Milner's Coefficients, built around the nucleus of the British Fabian Society, the fathers of "geopolitics." This spilled over into the United States in the form of the National Civic Federation, the U.S. junior branch of Milner's Coefficients and Round Table organization, and predecessor to the New York and Chicago Council on Foreign Relations. The CFR is a branch of Milner's later creation, the London Royal Institute of International Affairs (Chatham House).

In the setting of the Russo-Japanese War, these interests orchestrated the Russian Revolution of 1905. The exemplary figure of that operation was Alexander Helphand (Parvus).



Parvus, Alfred Milner, Count Volpi di Misurata, True Authors of the Russian Revolution

Parvus controlled Trotsky in 1905, and many others, including the Bolshevik leaders Radek, Bukharin, Rakovsky. In 1917, he was the property of the leading Venetian political figure of that period, Giuseppe Volpi di Misurata. This was the same Volpi di Misurata who later brought Benito Mussolini to power, and acted as the fascist government's finance minister, pioneering in the policies implemented by Hitler's Reichsbank president and economics minister Hjalmar Schacht. Volpi di Misurata coordinated the Balkan wars leading into World War I, in which his agent Parvus performed a key, leading role.

This same Parvus was "sold" to the Kaiser's intelligence service during World War I, and received a sum estimated to have been between 30 and 40 million gold marks to coordinate the revolution in Russia. Three million of these marks went from Parvus into Karl Radek's purse when Radek accompanied V.I. Lenin on the trip jointly arranged by the British and German intelligence services, from Switzerland to Russia in 1917.

It is generally known that August Bebel, head of the Social Democratic Party of Germany, was a British spy, run through a "safe house" in Switzerland. It has also been generally known that Parvus was not only a paid agent of the German intelligence service during the war, but earlier an agent of the Vickers and Royal Dutch Shell interests in the Balkans and Black Sea area. Bukharin, into October 1917 a paid agent of Parvus, is known to have conducted his policies in office during the 1920s in the interest of Royal Dutch Shell.

Parvus's true ownership, that of Volpi di Misurata, was known as a matter of documentation, but the importance of Venice's powerful financial interests was foolishly underrated since Venice "could not possibly be considered a major power" in the affairs of that period.



John Ruskin (l), Cecil Rhodes (c), Round Table founders, and Lloyd George (r), their Prime Minister

Milner had praised Karl Marx as a genius decades earlier. He did that in an 1882 lecture calling communism perhaps "the ultimate form of human society." Milner was calculating how revolutionary doctrine could be managed for British strategic ends.

By February 1917, Milner was a member of Lloyd George's five-man War Cabinet. He traveled personally to Petrograd with an ultimatum for Tsar Nicholas II: surrender autocratic power to the liberal Duma, or face revolution. It was deliberately bad advice. Britain itself was governing under a wartime dictatorial War Cabinet at that very moment. No serious statesman believed a mid-war democratization would strengthen Russia's war effort. Milner was maneuvering Nicholas into a surrender of power to Duma leaders already understood to be answering to the British Embassy.

Milner left Petrograd in the last week of February. Two weeks later, the revolution began.

A Palace Coup, Not a Popular Uprising

What followed bore none of the marks of spontaneous revolt. When Petrograd's garrison mutinied, the soldiers did not riot — they marched directly to the Duma to pledge loyalty to Russia's new rulers.

The Tsar's own cousin, Grand Duke Cyril, married to a granddaughter of Queen Victoria, led his naval guard to the same building to declare his allegiance.

The French ambassador called this aspect of events the "conspiracy of the Grand Dukes."

British Ambassador George Buchanan met personally with the Tsar's brother to arrange the pressure campaign, and later admitted in his own memoirs that he had invoked King George V's name directly in urging the Tsar's family toward abdication. A Danish correspondent, writing days after the Tsar fell, described Buchanan as functioning as Russia's actual dictator — consulted before every government decision, seated in the imperial box at the theater, greeted with ovations wherever he appeared.

Nicholas abdicated on March 15, 1917, not because a spontaneous socialist uprising forced him to, but because the men managing the crisis — Rodzianko, Milyukov, Guchkov, Lvov — took their cues from the British Embassy rather than from any domestic mandate.

Britain and its ally France formally recognized the new government within a week, with Prime Minister Lloyd George declaring the revolution proof that “this war is at the bottom a struggle for popular government and for liberty.”

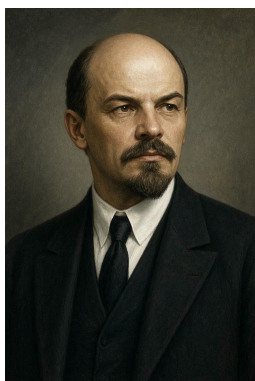
Karl Marx himself was never more than one early instrument of this same Venetian-Swiss-British apparatus, operating through Mazzini’s Young Europe in the 1830s and 1840s.

His historical importance was inflated to enormous size only in the aftermath of 1917.

To Mazzini’s own financial sponsors, the Jacobin current Marx worked within was simply a battering ram against the nation-state and constitutional capitalist development the American System represented. Marx himself was just one radical “asset” among many, to be used, discarded, or destroyed as it suited his sponsors’ purposes.

Lenin, the Instrument Who Outran His Sponsors

The Venetian and British planners badly misjudged Vladimir Lenin when they sent him in the sealed train from Switzerland back to Russia. Lenin was intended merely as an added source of destabilization in the Tsarist collapse already underway in 1917, useful for spreading revolutionary ferment into Germany and for advancing a long-standing Venetian-British policy of balkanizing Russia, Austria-Hungary, and Turkey into a collection of small, permanently warring states.



Vladimir Lenin. *He outflanked everyone.*

Instead, Lenin outmaneuvered his own Bolshevik leadership — many of whom were themselves agents of various competing intelligence services. He took Marx’s doctrine seriously enough to actually try to govern by it.

The architects of the 1917 operation lost control of their own instrument once it succeeded.

The Allied Intervention That Wasn’t

Soviet propaganda spent seventy years insisting that Western “imperialist” intervention had nearly crushed the young Bolshevik state. The actual record shows the opposite.

Britain’s own wartime cabinet minutes and private correspondence make clear that Prime Minister Lloyd George consistently opposed any serious effort to destroy the Bolsheviks, preferring even them to the nationalist White Russian commanders — Denikin, Kolchak, Yudenich — who wanted a restored, unified Russian Empire. That was the one outcome British strategy could not tolerate.

The 1917 operation completed something Palmerston’s Human Zoo had begun in 1848 and the Confederacy had nearly completed in 1865: the removal, by engineered revolution, of a great continental power whose partnership with the American System — through Alexander II’s reforms, through the fleet visits of 1863, through Lincoln’s own gratitude — had made it a consistent obstacle to the Swiss and British oligarchy’s ambitions for the Eurasian landmass.

With Russia neutralized and Germany’s Bismarckian order already dismantled by 1890, only one power, the United States, remained standing as a genuine rival by 1917. It would now be drawn into the same war that had consumed both of its former partners.

CHAPTER 7

The American System Returns: FDR's War on the Money Changers

Woodrow Wilson completed what William McKinley's assassination made possible. He gave the nation the Federal Reserve, a privately controlled central bank dressed in public language. He gave us the administrative state — a bureaucracy of unelected “experts.” He gave us the first income tax under the newly ratified Sixteenth Amendment. He brought us into World War I over the opposition of much of the population.



Col. Edward House, British Agent

He was guided in each of these policies by Colonel Edward House. House was a certifiable British agent. In the summer of 1912, House penned a book-length manuscript, “Philip Dru, Administrator,” lauding the policies of dictatorship and economic empire. House’s “hero” seizes power by a violent coup, overthrows the U.S. Constitution, initiates a policy of global free trade, and negotiates a successful alliance between the United States and Great Britain to rule the world. He calls this Progressivism!

House was a direct agent of the Milner Group in Britain. He worked shuttle diplomacy to Germany for British Foreign Secretary Sir Edward Grey. He connived to overcome Wilson’s reluctance to buck the American population. To achieve this, House worked with the Director of British intelligence in the United States, Sir William Wiseman.

Calvin Coolidge and Herbert Hoover continued this subservience. Hoover’s economic team was run by Treasury Secretary Andrew Mellon, whom Hoover later shipped off to London as ambassador, and Federal Reserve Board Governor Eugene Meyer, whose career and family

fortune ran directly through the Lazard banking house. Their free-trade, hard-money orthodoxy produced, by 1932, the Great Depression. A quarter of the workforce unemployed, thousands of failed banks, and a nation in genuine danger of collapse.

Roosevelt’s Return to Hamilton

Franklin Roosevelt arrested the descent. He understood what a century of economic orthodoxy had obscured. The crisis was not a natural event. It was the product of the same London-directed financial policy which had repeatedly been taken up by failed presidents.

In his first hundred days, Roosevelt broke the banking crisis, freed the dollar from gold’s stranglehold on domestic credit, and began directing federal power toward the general welfare rather than the private profit of the financial elite who had caused the disaster.

And for this they tried to kill him — even before he took office — and then ran a coup against him.

An Assassin’s Bullet

On February 15, 1933 — three weeks before his inauguration — Roosevelt was addressing a crowd in Miami when a gunman opened fire from close range. Five people were struck. Roosevelt was not among them. He was saved only by a bystander who deflected the shooter’s arm. Chicago’s mayor, Anton Cermak, standing nearby, died of his wounds three weeks later. The official investigation concluded the gunman acted alone.

The Coup That Failed

Roosevelt’s survival did not end the threat. In 1934, retired Marine Corps Major General Smedley Butler came forward with a story that shook Washington. Butler had twice been awarded the Medal of Honor and described

himself as a former “muscleman” for Wall Street interests abroad.

Butler said a Wall Street bond salesman named Gerald MacGuire, working for a firm tied directly to the Morgan interests, had spent over a year courting Butler to lead an army of half a million veterans on Washington.



Major General Smedley Butler

The plan was laid out to Butler in a Philadelphia hotel and later corroborated independently by the journalist Paul Comly French, to whom MacGuire repeated the offer. It called for forcing Roosevelt into a ceremonial role. MacGuire cited Benito Mussolini’s treatment of the Italian king as the precedent. A new “Secretary of General Affairs” would actually run the government.

The men financing this plan were not obscure. They included Morgan lawyer John W. Davis, Morgan-connected financier Robert Sterling Clark, and Grayson Mallet-Prevost Murphy — a director of Morgan’s Guaranty Trust who had personally helped found the American Legion in 1919 with Morgan money.

The same Morgan interests had, by this point, already helped finance Mussolini’s government with a hundred-million-dollar loan and had spent the early 1930s helping arrange financial support for Hitler’s Nazi party through the same transatlantic banking channels.

Butler refused every inducement offered him and testified in detail before a congressional committee. The committee confirmed the substance of his account. No one was ever prosecuted. But the plot collapsed the moment it was exposed, and Roosevelt’s presidency, and his American System recovery program, survived.

Building the Arsenal of Democracy

What Roosevelt built next was the fullest application of American System principles since McKinley. The industrial mobilization that produced the “Arsenal of Democracy” was not, as popular memory often has it, a triumph of unassisted free enterprise.

It was a state-directed, government-financed partnership between federal power and private industrial management. National credit and direction applied to private productive capacity with productive geniuses like Henry Kaiser and William S. Knudsen of General Motors at the helm.



William Knudsen (l) and Henry Kaiser (r) The private industry production geniuses who led the war mobilization.

The mechanisms were specific and deliberate. Cost-plus contracts guaranteed that private companies would not go bankrupt taking on the risk of massive, untested wartime production. The Defense Plant Corporation, under the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, funded and built more than 2,300 factories. The government owned the physical plant, while companies like Ford, Chrysler, and DuPont operated it.

When the Axis powers cut off the great majority of the world’s natural rubber supply, the same mechanism built an entire American synthetic rubber industry from nothing, virtually overnight. By the war’s end, the federal government had funded the overwhelming majority of new aircraft and shipbuilding capacity in the country. The War Production Board held direct authority to allocate steel, copper, and aluminum, and could legally compel a private manufacturer to convert its production line to military need, more than adequately compensating them for it.

It is no accident that officials working on America's current industrial revival keep Arthur Herman's history of this mobilization, *Freedom's Forge*, close at hand.

The Final Confrontation: Roosevelt and Churchill

Having built this unprecedented productive power, Roosevelt intended to use it for a purpose the British Empire could not accept: the dismantling, after the war, of Britain's own colonial trading system.



FDR built the most powerful economy in the world; sought to end the British Empire; called an authoritarian fascist by the Frankfurt School

FDR's son Elliott documents this in the book *As He Saw It*. Elliott was present at the discussions between Roosevelt and Churchill. He recorded a shipboard confrontation in which Roosevelt pressed Churchill directly on the point — arguing that lasting peace required breaking down the artificial trade barriers propping up Britain's colonial economic arrangements, and that a war fought against fascist tyranny could not honestly end by leaving India, Burma, and Britain's other colonial possessions locked in the same "backward" economic condition.

Churchill grew visibly agitated, insisting that the trade arrangements binding Britain to its Empire were, in his own words, the foundation of British greatness, not to be tampered with. Roosevelt held his ground, telling Churchill plainly that no genuine peace could include continued colonial despotism, and that the same logic that justified fighting Germany's economic domination of Central Europe applied equally to Britain's economic domination of its own colonies.

Roosevelt died before he could complete his vision for the post-war period. Under Harry Truman, America began a new round of subservience to the financiers of New York and London.

CHAPTER 8

The Manufactured Peace: Versailles, the Bankers' Fascism, and the Socialist Road to a Second World War

The Treaty of Versailles did not end the First World War's usefulness to British strategy. It extended it.

The treaty's true achievement was not peace but arrangement: a settlement engineered to leave Germany, Russia, and France locked in permanent mutual suspicion and dependent on the London-New York financial axis to manage the reparations, debts, and currency arrangements the treaty itself had created.

Two Socialist Movements, Repurposed



Otto and Gregor Strasser and Joseph Goebbels National Bolsheviks.
Gregor Strasser was murdered in 1934; Otto fled into exile; only
Goebbels stayed at Hitler's side.

Both the Hitler and Mussolini dictatorships that emerged from Versailles' wreckage began as socialist movements, fed from the economic collapse of both economies following World War I.

When Mussolini and Grandi came to power, they declared Italy a "workers' state." The official history of the movement described Fascism only as "un socialismo molto battagliero" ("a very pugnacious socialism").

In 1933, when a book was published titled, *The Triumph of Fascism in the U.S.S.R.*, it was reviewed favorably in the Fascist theoretical journal by Il Duce himself. And as late as 1938, Mussolini was on record saying Stalin was a Fascist without the courage to admit it.

In Germany, the tiny German Workers' Party was renamed the National Socialist German Workers' Party in 1920, and Adolf Hitler took it over as leader in 1921. Gregor and Otto Strasser led its "national revolutionary" left wing, whose overlap with the National Bolshevik current was an important component of the early movement.

In fact, many of the early recruits came to the Nazis because they had been impressed with the success of Russian "national socialism" in the Bolshevik Revolution. The Party's economics were socialist.

In the mid-1920s, Joseph Goebbels was trying unsuccessfully to peddle his first novel, *Michael* (written 1923–24, published only in 1929), about a young student who reads Dostoevsky, tries to achieve "genuine socialism," and dies "the sad, sad death of all novel heroes in those days." "In the last analysis," wrote Goebbels slightly later, "it is better to go down with Bolshevism than live in eternal capitalist servitude."

When Hitler attempted a coup d'état in Munich in November 1923, the so-called "Beer Hall Putsch," it was not altogether clear whether this was a left- or right-wing affair. Putschist banners proclaimed in blood-red, "The bourgeois state is coming to an end; a new Germany must be forged!"

Hitler killed the Strasserite wing of his party in the Night of the Long Knives to secure the financial backing he actually needed. Goebbels, his British-trained propagandist, somehow got an exception.

Sefton Delmer, Lord Beaverbrook's agent to the Nazis, was the first foreign journalist Hitler allowed to travel with him, during the 1932 campaigns. Delmer would go on to lead Britain's black propaganda operations in World War II. Both Hitler and Goebbels said they deeply studied and were replicating the propaganda methods devised at Wellington House, the British propaganda center, during World War I.

Volpi di Misurata: Fascism's Actual Author

We've already identified Giuseppe Volpi di Misurata as Parvus's Venetian patron in the financing of the Bolshevik Revolution.

Volpi's next production was Italian Fascism itself. Operating from London's financial networks, Volpi is the actual author of Mussolini's Fascist state — not merely a financier of convenience, but the architect who shaped the movement's institutional form. He later served as Mussolini's own finance minister.



The Roman Empire's Fasces, symbol of Italian fascism

Hjalmar Schacht, Hitler's Reichsbank president and economics minister, played a similar role in Germany. He was, effectively, the City of London's agent, joined at the hip through the rise of Hitler with Montagu Norman, the head of the Bank of England.

Coudenhove-Kalergi's Pan-Europe

The institutional vehicle for this new order had already been launched in 1923, when Count Richard Coudenhove-Kalergi published his manifesto *Pan-Europa* the Pan-European Union's founding congress convened in Vienna in October 1926, drawing some two thousand delegates.

Coudenhove-Kalergi's explicit warning to his audience was that any inclusion of the Soviet Union in a future European order would mean "perpetual civil war and the extermination of European culture" — a rhetoric of continental unification premised on excluding, and eventually confronting, Russia.

The founding Congress mounted portraits of the movement's intellectual patrons behind its podium: Kant, Napoleon Bonaparte, Mazzini, and Nietzsche.

The Pan-European Union's first major funding came from Max Warburg, of the same Warburg banking family which played a notable role in the creation of the Federal Reserve.

And the movement's relationship to fascism was not incidental. Schacht personally addressed the Pan-European congress in Basel in October 1932. He told Coudenhove-Kalergi and the assembled delegates directly that Hitler would be in power within three months, and that only Hitler could build Pan-Europe.

Mussolini, initially skeptical of the scheme, was won over after a personal meeting with Coudenhove-Kalergi, who later wrote that he had given the Italian dictator "a complete harvest of Nietzsche's quotes" on the case for a unified Europe — after which, in the Count's own words, "his opposition disappeared."



Coudenhove-Kalergi, Hjalmar Schacht, Montagu Norman

The Financiers Step In

Hitler's Nazi Party actually lost ground at the ballot box in November 1932, shedding roughly two million votes and appearing to be in genuine decline. It was at that exact moment that former Reichsbank president Hjalmar Schacht and banker Baron Kurt von Schröder intervened.

Not merely with money, but with the political engineering needed to install Hitler as Chancellor by January 1933. The Reichstag fire followed within weeks, provid-

ing the pretext for suspending civil rights and arresting Hitler's parliamentary opposition.

American financial institutions were woven directly into the German industrial cartels this apparatus protected. Prescott Bush was the father of George H.W. Bush. He was also managing partner of Brown Brothers Harriman and served as a director of the Union Banking Corporation. UBC was seized by the U.S. government in 1942 under the Trading with the Enemy Act for its ties to the Thyssen family's German steel interests. The Wall Street lawyer and future Secretary of State John Foster Dulles kept his firm's relationship with Hitler's industrialists until 1935. Fritz Thyssen and fellow steel magnate Friedrich Flick were among the Nazi Party's most significant financial backers.



From left: Prescott Bush, Thomas Lamont, W. Averell Harriman, John Foster Dulles. *Fascism's Wall Street financial angels*

Averell Harriman personally met with Mussolini to arrange business deals. Morgan's Thomas Lamont arranged a critical loan to Mussolini which assured his political survival. Investigators after the war found that American shipping-insurance policies were routinely reinsured through Lloyd's of London and a Zurich pool that in turn reinsured with a Munich pool. That means German submarines were, in effect, receiving Allied shipping schedules through the same insurance architecture underwriting the vessels they sank.

The Same Domestic Playbook

The men behind this financing did not confine their fascist ambitions to Europe. The Morgan and DuPont interests that had backed Mussolini and Hitler abroad created the American Liberty League in 1934 — the same organization behind the Smedley Butler coup plot

against Roosevelt we talked about earlier. The Liberty League was funded by Morgan's own chief counsel John W. Davis, DuPont executives, and Andrew Mellon.

Luce's Magazines and Mussolini's American Image

The financing of Mussolini and Hitler did not stay confined to bank loans and boardroom deals. It extended into how these dictators were presented to the American public.

Morgan partner Thomas Lamont, who arranged that \$100 million loan for Mussolini's government in 1925, described his own role bluntly, calling himself "something like a missionary" for Mussolini and boasting that Il Duce had "done a great job."

Publisher Henry Luce's magazines — *Time*, *Fortune*, and *Life* — gave Mussolini flattering, sustained coverage for two full decades, putting him on *Time*'s cover eight separate times between 1923 and 1943. Early *Time* coverage called him the "patron saint of fascism" and praised his "triumphant reforms." The magazine ran a piece in 1924 titled, without irony, "Wonderful Benito!"



The Plan for the East

The financial cartel behind these arrangements had a strategic purpose beyond banking. The design was to mobilize a rearmed Germany under Hitler as an instrument aimed first at the Soviet Union.

That war was intended to catch German forces deep inside Soviet territory, at which point Britain and France would turn on Germany from the rear. That plan required Germany and the USSR to remain enemies.

It came apart when the Soviet military mission under Marshal Tukhachevsky, sent to explore cooperation with France, failed. That failure signaled the coming Ribbentrop-Molotov Pact even before that treaty was formally signed, and forced London and Paris to recalculate.

If Germany and Russia would not fight each other on schedule, Britain would need the United States drawn into the war after all — a prospect London had specifically hoped to avoid, since American entry risked leaving the United States, not Britain, as the war's dominant beneficiary.

CHAPTER 9

Enter the Mind Benders

Now that you've gotten a taste of what imperial financing of "revolutions" looks like and what its targets really are, we're going to jump ahead.

In this chapter we discuss the culture which directly birthed the modern DSA and Democrats. It was not a natural birth.

Once America had been to the Moon, the Anglo-American elite decided they no longer needed the culture which produced the Apollo program. Yes, it had answered the Russian Sputnik and the potential militarization of space, but the Soviets were now a managed threat.

By 1990, after the fall of the Berlin Wall, they decided they could dispense with manufacturing and industry here completely — outsourcing almost the entirety of our industrial base.

Over the interval 1965-70, the rate of growth of the U.S. physical economy slowed toward net zero growth for the economy as a whole (in terms of rate of increase of physical output per capita, per household, per square kilometer).

The slowdown was triggered by the "downsizing" of the "post-Sputnik" aerospace program and investment tax-credit programs upon which the post-1960 economic recovery from the 1957-60 recession had depended almost entirely. This "downsizing" was accompanied by a campaign for a post-industrial society.

World War I and the Mind Benders

The public opinion and social control apparatus employed to shift American culture had evolved from World War I. It is rooted in the counterinsurgency methods of British colonialism. Harold Lasswell and Walter Lippmann pioneered the conscious applications of these methods in the United States by building a social science army which experimented, profiled, and polled human populations while mastering propaganda techniques in order, in Lippmann's words, to "manufacture" popular democratic consent.

Lippmann spent World War I in U.S. Army Military Intelligence and, in 1918, in London and Paris on the Inter-Allied propaganda board, working alongside the British apparatus of Wellington House and Crewe House. His American counterpart in this work was Sigmund Freud's nephew, Edward Bernays, of the Creel Committee. Bernays is considered the father of modern marketing techniques.

In his book, *Public Opinion*, Lippmann writes that it is through media, particularly modern mass communications like movies, that most people come to develop the "pictures in their heads" of themselves, of others, of their needs and purposes, and their relationships.

Popular opinion, in Lippmann's account, must ultimately be determined by the desires and wishes of an elite, rich, and superior social set, fundamentally international in scope, whose center is in London. But, the use of this instrument requires precision. "Public opinion must be organized for the press, not by the press." The organizers must be a "specialized class" which operates through "intelligence bureaus."



Walter Lippmann, Roundtable Member, Master American propagandist

Harold Lasswell had reviewed all propaganda efforts conducted by the state parties to World War I for his doctoral thesis, and was fascinated by the application of Freudian psychology to mass population control.

He wrote:

"The modern propagandist, like the modern psychologist, recognizes that men are often poor judges of their own interest... [Those with power must cultivate] sensi-

tiveness to those concentrations of motive which are implicit and available for rapid mobilizations when the appropriate symbol is offered... [The propagandist is] no phrasemonger but a promoter of overt acts."

Lippmann was a founding editor of the *New Republic* magazine (1914), whose outlook anticipated the "Open Conspiracy" nostrums H.G. Wells would publish in 1928. Lippmann was considered a partner of the British Roundtable in the United States and is treated as the founder of modern journalism and communications theory.

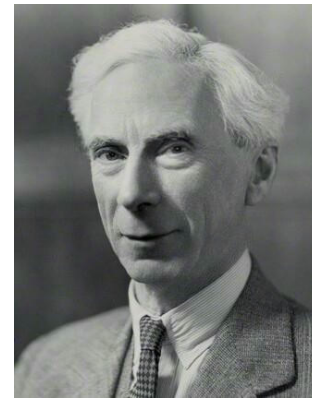
The U.S. studies in mass psychological manipulation in the inter-war period were almost entirely funded by the Rockefeller Foundation, although not without some opposition. Donald Slesinger, former dean of the University of Chicago, described its ideas as using a democratic "guise" to "tacitly accept the objectives and methods of a new form of authoritarianism... We have thought about fighting dictatorships by force through the establishment of dictatorship by manipulation," he said. Joseph Willits, a Rockefeller officer, described these ideas as frankly "fascist."

The central psychological warfare factory which evolved from World War II was the British Tavistock Institute for Human Relations, including psychologist Kurt Lewin and his colleagues in the United States.



Tavistock's Kurt Lewin, master of Small group dynamics

The culture for the post-war period was formulated by the anti-Communist intellectuals and artists of the Congress for Cultural Freedom — a CIA proprietary. The substance of what was to become the American counter-culture was formulated by the transplanted Frankfurt School of German Marxist critical theorists. That school had been financed by Felix Weil, the Marxist heir to what was then the largest grain fortune in the world.



CCF's Bertrand Russell

Bertrand Russell, by then Earl Russell, was one of five honorary chairmen of the CCF. In his book, *The Impact of Science on Society*, Russell proposed a plan for controlling the population through a "scientific dictatorship." He wrote (emphasis added):

"I think the subject which will be of most importance politically is mass psychology... Its importance has been enormously increased by the growth of modern methods of propaganda. *Of these the most influential is what is called 'education.'* Religion plays a part, though a diminishing one, *the press, the cinema, and the radio play an increasing part...* It may be hoped that in time anybody will be able to persuade anybody of anything if he can catch the patient young and is provided by the State with money and equipment.

"... the social psychologists of the future will have a number of classes of school children on whom they will try different methods of producing an unshakable conviction that snow is black. Various results will be arrived at. First, that the influence of the home is obstructive. Second, that not much can be done unless indoctrination begins before the age of ten. *Third, that verses set to music and repeatedly intoned are very effective. Fourth, that the opinion that snow is white must be held to show a morbid taste for eccentricity.*

"Although this science will be diligently studied, it will be rigidly confined to the governing class. *The populace will not be allowed to know how its convictions were generated. When the technique has been perfected, every government... will be able to control its subjects securely without armies or policemen.*"

Tavistock pioneered theories of group experience which could be used to alter the values of individuals and change the assumptions which govern society. From

studies of shell-shocked soldiers in World War I, Tavistock theorized that by the use of terror and shock, humans could be reduced to childlike and submissive states. By controlling levels of anxiety, similar states could be induced in large masses of people. Mass media were central to creating the controlled environments essential to this process.

The “Frankfurt School” social psychologists were brought to the United States in 1934 under the sponsorship of Columbia University, where they found allies in the leading “philosophers” of the later American CCF, John Dewey and Sidney Hook. The School featured Max Horkheimer, Theodor Adorno, Walter Benjamin, Erich Fromm, and Herbert Marcuse, with the psychoanalyst Wilhelm Reich in its orbit and Jürgen Habermas in its post-war second generation. Their study on the rise of fascism and the “Authoritarian Personality” deliberately concealed the fact that fascism was the product of an Anglo-American “color revolution” operating pursuant to British imperial imperatives.



The Frankfurt School's Adorno (l), Horkheimer (r) Walter Benjamin is in the rear.

Fascism was, they lied, an organic social product of reason itself, which led to authoritarianism which must be beaten out of subject populations. Franklin Roosevelt was attacked, using their rationales, as the ultimate American proto-fascist authoritarian.

This is the same argument being used against Donald Trump now. Trump is white, male, rational, and is the type of exceptional human being who can lead populations. Under the fascism index developed by these hoaxsters, he fits the bill.

Hungarian Communist Georg Lukacs was a huge influence in the attacks the Frankfurt School formulated on Western culture.

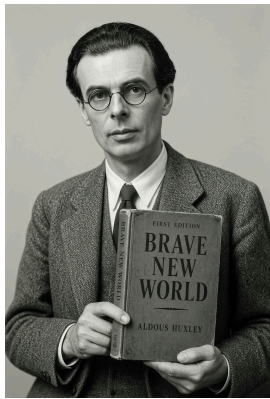
“Politics is only a means; culture is the goal,” Lukacs had written in the Official Statement of the People’s Commissariat of Public Education in Hungary. By which he meant the “anti-paternalism” that would become such an important part of the Frankfurt School’s authoritarian personality studies and the present DSA.

Lukacs’s Commissariat called for the prohibition of alcoholic beverages, but was forced to rescind. It started sex education classes, and was seriously investigating the free distribution of contraceptives. The anti-Communist writer Victor Zitta notes: “Special lectures were organized in schools and literature printed and distributed to ‘instruct’ children about free love, about the nature of sexual intercourse, about the archaic nature of bourgeois family codes, about the outdatedness of monogamy, and the irrelevance of religion, which deprives man of all pleasure This call to rebellion addressed to children was matched by a call to rebellion addressed to Hungarian women. Among the numerous curious pamphlets published under Lukacs’s auspices . . . one calls upon women all over the world to unite and overthrow the chains imposed on them by exploitative bourgeois-spirited males.”

The Frankfurt School also lied about German and Italian classical culture. They said the rich classical music and poetry essential to human creativity and intellectual progress was a key part of the fascist development. It must be suppressed and superseded by a deliberate and “free” irrationalism, all grounded in an “erotically” and sexually obsessed culture.

The very British Aldous Huxley, Christopher Isherwood, and Alex Korda joined the Frankfurt School’s Adorno for experiments in mass entertainment in Hollywood.

Huxley, a key creator of the rock, drugs, sex counterculture which swept the United States in the 1960s, experimented with psychotropic drugs and mass brainwashing techniques. Huxley argued that he could pacify society with drugs, brainwashing, and psychological conditioning, creating a “concentration camp without tears.”



Aldous Huxley

In 1956, CCF sociologist Daniel Bell took leave from his post as labor editor of Henry Luce's *Fortune* magazine to become the director of CCF's Seminar Planning Committee.

In April 1957, the first seminar was held in Tokyo, entitled "Problems of Economic Growth." According to Frances Stonor Saunders, "The Conference was the precursor of the impending shift by development economists from an emphasis on *growth of per capita income* to one of the *quality of social justice and freedom as the true measure of development*."

In 1973, Bell would author *The Coming of Post-Industrial Society*, formally ushering in the so-called consumer and information society.

The Post-Industrial Society

The New Left and the counterculture which emerged in the 1960s were the synthetic ideological products of this shift.

For example, the Frankfurt School's Herbert Marcuse took leave from his job running the Central European Division of the United States State Department, and, on grants from the Rockefeller Foundation, published the critiques of "mass industrial society" which became founding documents of both the New Left and the Counterculture. His arguments were a revised version of Georg Lukacs's.

"Participatory democracy," which the New Left originally promoted as its founding principle, was a shop-worn idea promoted by Bertrand Russell, G.D.H. Cole, and George Orwell from Britain and by the CCF's Dwight Macdonald in the United States.

The goal of "personal liberation" championed by Marcuse and such associates as Norman O. Brown set the stage for the obsessive "self-improvement" and narcissistic preoccupations of the boomer and subsequent generations.

The SDS itself evolved from the Student League for Industrial Democracy — the student organization for the League for Industrial Democracy (LID) — an integral entity in the CIA's infiltration of the American Labor Movement.

Not surprisingly, workers who still identified with economic progress, the nation state, and the legacy of Franklin Roosevelt became primary targets of New Left students. Those workers were castigated for their psychologically "repressed" and "backward" identities. Teachers, white and black, inclined to emphasize universal values, became the targets of black activists demanding "community control" of schools.

The New Left's "community control" social structures were derived directly from Kurt Lewin's studies of the dynamics of small groups and the syndicalist ideas of both Italian and Strasserite fascism. Their smallness precludes attempts to exert major influence on actual existential issues. They function more like gangs or tribal-like "collectives."

Setting numerous such groups into competition, where gains by one group are at the expense of another, creates the basis for a self-policing fascist order. First, atomize the subject population, set race against race, language-group against language-group, women against men, etc. Then mobilize these groups together against mass political and trade union organizations, all under the banner of anti-authoritarianism and local community control. Voilà, you have Mussolini's fascism with a democratic face.

Thus the post-industrial consumer and service economy society emerged from a generation which had been "shocked" repeatedly as Tavistock's studies of the wars' veterans prescribed. President Kennedy, Martin Luther King, Robert Kennedy — all potential advocates for advancing Roosevelt's vision — had been mowed down by assassins' bullets.

The nation was mired for years in the genocide of the war in Vietnam, creating a cultural pessimism which persists to this day. Widespread use of drugs, sexual hedonism,

and blaring atonal rock music produced mental oblivion in large swaths of the American population, the alienation which Theodor Adorno had pronounced as his goal.

Environmentalism, the last spice in the poisonous stew

At the same time, across the pond, a new destructive force was being created and massively curated. It had the full backing of the British Royal family and the vast fortune of Teddy Goldsmith, brother of the financier Sir James Goldsmith. In his 1972 screed, *Blueprint for Survival*, Goldsmith demanded a deindustrialized zero-growth society because the human drive for scientific and technological progress was about to destroy nature.



Teddy Goldsmith and Prince Philip

Under British royal sponsorship, environmentalism became a new form of secular religion where Nature assumed a place among a pantheon of gods. The Age of Aquarius — the transition away from Christ to a smorgasbord of pagan and secular religious beliefs and practices — was now fully upon us.

CHAPTER 10

Antonio Gramsci's Ghost

Donald Trump had been criticizing British free-trade doctrine since the mid-1980s, long before he walked down the escalator in 2015. He thought NAFTA drained the U.S. of productive jobs and its productive workforce and he was right. He embraced the American System's use of tariffs and reciprocity as the answer to this. This

was all known to those closely watching him, both here and abroad.

On March 20, 2017, in a speech in Louisville, Kentucky, he made his model explicit. <https://www.presidency.ucsb.edu/documents/remarks-make-america-great-again-rally-louisville-kentucky>

He embraced Henry Clay and said those revolutionary words, "American System." Here's that part of the speech.

"Henry Clay believed in what he called the American system, and proposed tariffs to protect American industry and finance American infrastructure . . . Clay was a fierce advocate for American manufacturing. He wanted it badly. He said, very strongly: Free trade, which would throw wide open our ports to foreign production without duties, while theirs remains closed to us. That was his quote. He knew, all the way back, early 1800s. Clay said that trade must be fair, equal, and reciprocal. Boom. He said, fair, equal, and reciprocal. I'm talking about reciprocal trade. Reciprocal."



Demonstration the day after Trump's inauguration. Note Color Revolution's pink hats.

This is the reason Trump was targeted in 2015, for an unprecedented defamation campaign led by the British. He was declared a Manchurian candidate, a pawn of Vladimir Putin. The center of that campaign was a dirty dossier, compiled by MI6 agent Christopher Steele. It was promoted by the Clinton Campaign, the Obama White House and U.S. intelligence community and their media allies. FBI Director James Comey called the absurd, but sensational "legend" about Trump created out of whole cloth by Steele, the "Crown materials."



The British Didn't Hide It

Having engaged in wholesale sedition based on the claim that candidate Trump was the epitome of the Frankfurt School's "authoritarian" personality, Obama and Co. couldn't stop there. They decided to conduct a color revolution and a coup against the Trump Presidency.



Dems' Robert Mueller candles

It produced the Robert Mueller witch hunt and the phony Ukraine impeachment, in rapid succession. Using the media propaganda machine, they used COVID to create massive fear and anxiety in the targeted part of the population who had responded to Russiagate. The Constitution was shredded in this process.

This campaign of sequential psychological shocks brought us to the summer of 2020 and what Alexandria

Ocasio-Cortez called Woke 1. In an interview with ABC's *This Week*, AOC alluded to Woke 1 being crazy. The *New York Times*, the dictionary of the Anglo-American elite, told us what she meant:

"Woke 1.0 retroactively describes the age of the #MeToo movement, and backlash against sexual assault and discrimination, and the aftermath of the murder of George Floyd, which led to widespread protests against police violence and racial injustice . . ." <https://www.nytimes.com/2026/08/12/style/woke-1-aoc-dsa.html>

She might have added that Woke 1 had all the characteristics of the French Revolution's evidence-free public "trials," Stalin's show trials, and Mao's Cultural Revolution.

All of it was directed at Donald Trump and his supporters and anyone dissenting from the "line" promulgated by what has been called the Deep State. If they dissented, they faced unemployment, debanking, social media campaigns aimed at their families, possible criminal prosecution, and effective banishment from society.

AOC is the most prominent current member of the DSA. Ask a DSA member which thinker shaped their movement, and the honest answer is rarely Karl Marx. It's a man who never held office, never led an army, and died six days after his release from an Italian prison in 1937: Antonio Gramsci.

Why Marxist Revolutions Kept Failing

Gramsci had been general secretary of the Italian Communist Party before Mussolini's government arrested him in 1926. The prosecutor at his trial stated the state's intention plainly: "We must stop this brain from functioning for twenty years." <https://x.com/elonmusk/status/2096294063666286708>

Gramsci was sick and isolated in his cell, and by any reasonable expectation should have died there, forgotten. Instead, over the course of his eleven-year imprisonment, he filled thirty-three notebooks — more than two thousand pages, written partly in code — with an answer to a question Marx's own economics had never resolved: why hadn't the Western working class ever actually risen, despite a century of predicted capitalist crisis?

Gramsci's answer was that a ruling order does not survive on force or economics alone. It survives on cultural

hegemony — control of the ideas, values, and unexamined assumptions through which people understand their own world. A worker who simply accepts that the existing order is how things are will not revolt, whatever his material conditions. The revolution, Gramsci concluded, has to happen in the culture first. In this respect, he reached the same conclusion as Herbert Marcuse and Georg Lukacs.

You know from the rest of this pamphlet that that is also the conclusion reached by the modern British Empire as to how it can maintain power and control.

The Long March



Obama's Mentors: Zbigniew Brzezinski, Edward Said, Bernardine Dohrn, Bill Ayers

To bring this about there has been what is called the long march through the institutions: the school, the university, the newsroom, the judiciary, the civil service, the arts — every channel through which a civilization passes its values to the next generation. <https://x.com/elonmusk/status/2096844931520225342?s=20>

Capture these gradually, staff them with people who share the counter-hegemonic project, and the assumptions holding up the existing order dissolve without any visible moment of rupture. Control a curriculum, and you do not need to tell the next generation what to conclude. You shape what questions occur to them at all, what they experience as obvious and what they experience as unthinkable — and they experience the resulting worldview as entirely their own.

This is what the presidency of Barack Obama was about. Obama was groomed from the time he went to Columbia University forward. His political science curriculum was

dominated by the University's then leading professor in that area, Zbigniew Brzezinski.

His cultural education in English literature was under Edward Said — a specialist in post-colonialism studies whose intellectual heroes were Antonio Gramsci and Georg Lukacs. All of the Obama biographies trivialize this aspect of his development along with his longtime Chicago friendship with the ex-Weathermen, Bill Ayers and Bernardine Dohrn.

Gramsci called the people who carry this out organic intellectuals: not propagandists in any crude sense, but the novelist, the filmmaker, the journalist who frames every story inside the approved assumptions without the framing ever appearing ideological. Culture, on this account, is politics conducted by other means — and the side that wins the culture wins regardless of who wins any given election.



Michelle Obama and Barack Obama listen to Professor Edward Said give the keynote address at an Arab community event in Chicago, May 1998. (Photo: Ali Abunimah)

This is the published, widely taught strategy, openly credited by name in the DSA's own national education program as the theoretical foundation for its organizing work. The generation radicalized in 1968 spent the following fifty years becoming the professors, journalists, civil servants, judges, and HR directors who now enforce the boundaries of acceptable speech across American institutions. The march the Gramscians designed — the phrase itself is the German New Leftist Rudi Dutschke's, from 1967 — took half a century. And it worked until Donald Trump came along.

In the most recent DSA platform they say scrap the Senate, defund the Department of War, and subordinate the presidency and Supreme Court to Congress. But their daily energy goes almost entirely into cultural war: the patriarchy, Christianity, policing, closed borders, the claim that American history is simply a record of land theft from heroic indigenous peoples.

Darializa Avila Chevalier, the DSA-backed Democratic nominee in New York's 13th Congressional District, is one of the new DSA members from New York who will be going to Congress come November. She co-founded Columbia University Apartheid Divest (CUAD). That group posted a since-deleted Instagram saying: "We are Westerners fighting for the total eradication of Western civilization."

[Source: <https://open.substack.com/pub/taibbi/p/zohran-mamdani-and-the-nitwit-revolution>]

Who Kept Gramsci Alive

Gramsci's notebooks did not surface on their own after his death. They survived because one man kept them alive: Piero Sraffa, an Italian Marxist economist who had left Italy for London in the 1920s, and whom John Maynard Keynes brought to Cambridge in 1927, arranging first a university lectureship and later a research fellowship at Trinity College.



Gramsci's British publicists, Sraffa and Keynes

This is Keynes, whose monetary theories reoriented Western economics around managed demand and cheap credit rather than Hamiltonian national investment tied to physical production. This is also the same Keynes who presided over meetings of Britain's Malthusian League and served as a director and vice-president of the Eugenics Society.

Keynes's own protégé kept the most consequential Marxist theorist of the twentieth century supplied with books, maintained his connection to the outside world from prison, and arranged for the notebooks' eventual publication. Sraffa was, by every account, the last friend Gramsci had before he died.

The Transformative Summer of 2020

If you look at the history of the DSA, the organization began big growth in 2016, coming off Bernie Sanders's presidential campaign and Donald Trump's victory over Hillary Clinton.

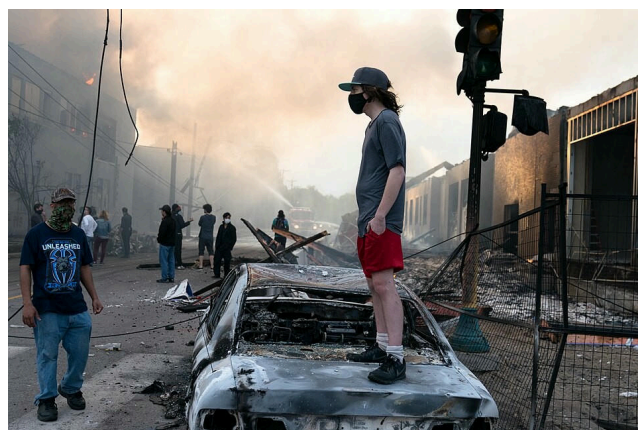
When Obama left office, the Democratic Party itself had been transformed. It had become the party of a managerial and wealthy elite, obsessed with the cultural issues the New Left held dear: neo-racialism, open borders, gender ideology, and climate catastrophism. Hillary Clinton famously referred to Donald Trump's working-class base as "a basket of deplorables."

All of this reached a boiling point in the summer of 2020.

By then, the unprecedented sedition and crime which the Democrats had engaged in with the British against Trump, from the time he rode down the escalator in 2015, had failed.

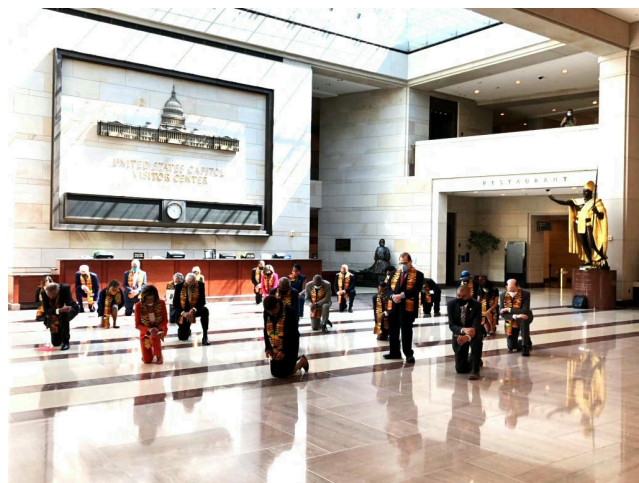
So, they began to map how they could rig the 2020 election.

On May 25, 2020, lifelong criminal and drug addict George Floyd died while in police custody in Minneapolis. The nationwide riots which followed resulted in an estimated \$1–2 billion in property damage and killed 19 people.



The riots the media called "mostly peaceful."

The entire Democratic Party, convinced by the *New York Times* 1619 Project and other cultural warfare tomes that our founders were inveterate slaveholders and racists, made this man the heroic and iconic symbol of black identity. Every aspect of Dr. Martin Luther King's civil rights philosophy was trashed and abandoned.



Democrats in Congress in masks and Kente cloths kneel in worship for George Floyd

In the wake of the riots the Ford Foundation announced \$180 million in new racial justice grants, financed by a \$1 billion social bond, on top of its existing commitments to the Movement for Black Lives. That doesn't account for the tens of millions which flowed into the Black Lives Matter Global Network Foundation and other Democratic Party fronts directly.

George Soros's Open Society Foundations responded by supporting the DSA's "defund the police, decriminalize everything" agenda and the organizations pushing it. They elected social justice DAs in San Francisco, Los Angeles, Philadelphia, New York City, and other locations.

In June, Washington's elite of both political parties, the intelligence community, and the military met under the auspices of the Transition Integrity Project to "wargame" potential 2020 electoral outcomes. They concluded that political violence was likely. To secure the outcome for Joe Biden, they would need both the military and the racial justice protesters then rioting in the streets. They concluded that the Democratic Party did not have sufficient penetration of these organizations to be able to direct their actions.



Former Soros official Rosa Brooks ran the Transition Integrity Project

Thus, when the Democratic Convention convened in August, Bernie Sanders was recruited to coauthor the platform. He had run for President again in 2020, revitalizing his national grassroots movement.

The new platform made the Green New Deal the center of all international and economic policy, prioritized criminal justice "reform," based on the systemic racism of the United States, made LGBTQ+ and trans rights the center of civil rights policy, and called for drastic rollbacks in immigration enforcement.

By 2021, the DSA's membership had grown to a peak of some 94,000, from about 55,000 at the end of 2018. It then fell back to about 64,000 by late 2024, when Donald Trump again sought the presidency. Once again its membership dramatically expanded, fueled by the DSA's essential role in nationwide protests concerning Israel's response to the Hamas massacre of October 7th. The DSA embraced the terrorists of Hamas.

Three things happened in the interim, however. In 2023, the DSA became an associate member of the São Paulo Forum, the Brazil-based coordination center for the Latin American left in which Cuba's Communist Party plays the leading role. Also in 2023, the leadership election resulted in the majority of their national leadership council being explicitly Communist.

The São Paulo Forum was founded in 1990 by Fidel Castro and Brazil's Lula. https://larouche.pub.com/eiw/public/1995/eirv22n45-19951110/eirv22n45-19951110-004-londons_irregular_warfare_vs_nat.pdf It has extensive British links and its ideologies of indigenism can be traced straight back to Mazzini's envoys in Latin America. https://larouche.pub.com/eiw/public/1995/eirv22n45-19951110/eirv22n45-19951110-019-the_19th_century_british_roots_o.pdf Throughout its existence, it has received essential support from the Inter-American Dialogue, an organization founded by David Rockefeller

and former National Security Advisor and Ford Foundation president, McGeorge Bundy. https://larouchepub.com/eiw/public/1995/eirv22n45-19951110/eirv22n45-19951110_015-inter_american_dialogue_sponsors.pdf

It has functioned as the coordinating center for narcoterrorist attacks on the region's nation states while sharing in the profits of the drug trade.

Progressive International is the second international organization partnered with the DSA. It was founded in 2020 and grew out of a call by Bernie Sanders and Greece's Yanis Varoufakis for an international front against "rising authoritarianism" and what they call "disaster capitalism." Its slogan is "internationalism or extinction," explicitly rejecting the continued existence of nation states.

Its political declaration defines "progressive" as a world that is democratic, decolonized, just, egalitarian, liberated, feminist, ecological, peaceful, post-capitalist, prosperous, and plural. It explicitly rejects capitalism as a system of exploitation and environmental destruction, frames internationalism as anti-imperialism, and calls for decolonization that includes reparations and restoration of land and sovereignty.

This is, in essence, Gramsci's counterculture brought to full fruition. If allowed to flourish here, it will destroy the United States just as it has every other American System economy threatening the existence of the modern British Empire's predatory economic system.

AFTERWORD

President Trump Understands the Battlefield. Do You?



White House President Trump speaks at the U.S. National Archives on Constitution Day, September 17, 2020.

On September 17, 2020, Constitution Day, Donald Trump gave an incredible speech. <https://trumpwhitehouse.archives.gov/briefings-statements/remarks-president-trump-white-house-conference-american-history/>

He said that the founding documents of the United States, the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution, were what makes this country “exceptional.” The Constitution was “the fulfillment of a thousand years of Western civilization ... the product of centuries of tradition, wisdom, and experience. No political document has done more to advance the human condition or propel the engine of progress,” the President began.

He then outlined the recent attacks on the very ideals embodied in those documents by:

“These radicals, aided and abetted by liberal politicians, establishment media, and even large corporations.

Whether it is the mob on the street, or the ‘cancel culture’ in the boardroom, the goal is the same: to silence dissent, to scare you out of speaking the truth, and to bully Americans into abandoning their values, their heritage, and their way of life.

We are here today to declare that we will never submit to tyranny. We will reclaim our history and our country for citizens of every race, color, religion, and creed.

The radicals burning American flags want to burn down the principles in our founding documents, including the bedrock principle of equal justice under law. In order to radically transform America, they must first cause

Americans to lose confidence in who we are, where we come from, and what we believe.... The left-wing cultural revolution is designed to overthrow the American Revolution.”

The President went on to attack “Critical Race Theory,” that Frankfurt School invention, which was at the center of the synthetic ideologies driving the riots — ideologies that permeate the nation’s schools and have been used to brainwash an entire generation. He noted:

“A perfect example of Critical Race Theory was recently published by the Smithsonian Institution. This document alleged that concepts such as hard work, rational thinking, the nuclear family, and belief in God were not values that unite all Americans, but were, instead aspects of ‘whiteness.’”

He said that the proponents of this ideology were trying to impose a new segregation rather than striving for the “prize” envisioned by Martin Luther King—

“Where children are not judged by the color of their skin but by the content of their character.... Critical Race Theory, the 1619 Project, and the crusade against American history, are toxic propaganda, ideological poison that, if not removed, will dissolve the civic bonds that tie us together. It will destroy our country.”

The ratification of the U.S. Federal constitution was accomplished by the circulation of the *Federalist Papers* and their debate and assimilation by a developed citizenry known at the time as the North American Latin farmer. The population of that time had twice the literacy rate, twice the physical productivity, and an average of twice the income of our adversary, the British. Earlier American patriots could look within themselves to find values worth more to each than life itself. Present generations, obviously, mostly lack this essential foundation for the culture’s survival.

That culture won’t be hegemonic again for a while. But it can become the possession of a critical minority sufficient to defeat the present threat if we apply ourselves to this great historical moment.

For Further Reading

Chapter 1: (All book URLs are Amazon for convenience, although the Internet Archive carries some, and they are available from other vendors)

Scenes from the American System, Robert and Andrea Ingraham <https://www.amazon.com/dp/BOHGHRFYK8>

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William McKinley, Robert Ingraham <https://www.amazon.com/dp/BOHBLQW49N>

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The Complete Works of Alexander Hamilton <https://www.amazon.com/dp/B07DCR9FB4>

The Harmony of Interests, Henry C. Carey <https://www.amazon.com/dp/B0GGZHN6TF>

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The National System of Political Economy, Friedrich List <https://www.amazon.com/dp/B09SGS1WDN>

Freedom's Forge, Arthur Herman <https://www.amazon.com/dp/0812982045>

Now, Are You Ready to Learn Economics?, Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr. <https://www.amazon.com/dp/B01M1JQ0PU>

Earth's Next 50 Years, Lyndon H. LaRouche Jr. <https://www.amazon.com/dp/1520485913>

In general, Robert Ingraham has written crucial works on the heroes of the American System: Franklin, George Washington and his circles, Abraham Lincoln. They are available here: <https://www.amazon.com/stores/author/B08TGC BVKW>

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Chapter 10

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Naming the enemy correctly is half the fight. The other half is building the alternative.

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